



Protecting and improving the nation's health

CAS-SOP #4.5

Linking treatment tables – chemotherapy, tumour resections and radiotherapy

Version 4.5

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Contents

Introduction	4
Method	6
Appendix 1: Code changes compared to SOP version 4.2	14
Appendix 2: Summary of tumour sites & timeframe rules	16
Appendix 3: Site-specific summary of tumour resection rules	17
Appendix 4: Example code	31
Appendix 5: Datasets used	58
Appendix 6: Sensitivity analysis – impact of tumour resection code update	59
Appendix 7: Sensitivity analysis – impact of timeframe update	60

Introduction

This Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) (v4.5) updates the previous version (v4.4), incorporating ICD10 codes, resection procedure codes and treatment time frames specific to 3 tumour sites covered by the Get Data Out Programme. The affected tumour sites are Ovary, Testis and Brain tumours. It also updates the previous SOP to include tumours diagnosed in 2016. The changes to the code are summarised in Appendix 1 of this document. Additional ICD10 codes are included in Appendix 2. Updated resection procedure codes are provided in Appendix 3.

The purpose of this SOP is to describe the method of linking treatment tables to the cancer registration data in the Cancer Analysis System (CAS). This allows basic treatment flags to be created; recording whether there was chemotherapy, tumour resection, or radiotherapy recorded following cancer diagnosis. This method was used for recent NCRAS publications of treatment work including the workbook 'Chemotherapy, Radiotherapy and Tumour Resections in England, 2013 – 2015' (available here).

The cancer sites included are the 24 sites which have pre-defined lists of relevant tumour resection procedures. All other sites (excluding non-melanoma skin cancer) are grouped under 'Other malignant tumours'. The term 'tumour resection' (previously termed 'major resection' in other outputs) is used to describe surgical attempts to remove the primary tumour. This SOP replaces the previous method used to count tumour resections (available here).

Cancer site and treatment-specific timeframes have been adopted to strike a balance between including as many treatments as possible carried out as part of the patient's first course of treatment for that tumour, while minimising the inclusion of treatments for recurrent tumours.

This SOP is to be used where the analyst wishes to extract data on treatments among cancer sites listed in Appendix 2. The cancer sites with a tumour resection flag have been chosen because they are solid tumours (so are potentially resectable); are commonly diagnosed; and input from a site-specific clinician was available. Expansion of this list to include more cancer sites, where resection is a treatment choice, will be considered for future NCRAS work. Chemotherapy and radiotherapy data was available for all cancer sites. This SOP exists to set a standard that can be followed to produce uniform and replicable results and, in particular, for external requests for treatment data received via the Office for Data Release (ODR). Certain specific uses may require a different approach and should be discussed with the lead of the therapeutics functional team.

The specific procedure codes used to select tumour resections are listed in Appendix 3. The SQL script which accompanies this SOP is in Appendix 4. The SQL code produces tumour-level data with 3 treatment flags (chemotherapy [CT], tumour resection [SG] and radiotherapy [RT]), with 0 as no treatment and 1 where treatment is present.

Method

Cohort definition

Cancer registry data from AT_TUMOUR_ENGLAND is used as the base to identify the cohort of patients. All patients diagnosed with malignant cancer in England in 2013-2016 were included. This version additionally includes specified benign neoplasm or neoplasms of uncertain behaviour as defined by the Get Data Out team to coincide with the Get Data Out programme. Non-melanoma skin cancer (C44), males with gynaecological cancer and females with prostate cancer were excluded. Death certificate only registrations are included (1.2% of the cohort).

Overall approach to identify treatments

The datasets used to collate tumour resection data are AT_TREATMENT_ENGLAND (CAS 1902 snapshot onwards can be used), SACT (Systemic Anti-Cancer Therapy), RTDS (RadioTherapy DataSet), and inpatient (Admitted Patient Care (APC)) HES (Hospital Episode Statistics). The AT_TREATMENT_ENGLAND table is linked at tumour level, based on registration staff linking tumours to recorded treatments. Appendix 5 details the datasets and Snapshots used in this update.

The scope of this SOP is tumours diagnosed from 2013 onwards as it is known that the data quality in AT_TREATMENT_ENGLAND and SACT is lower before this point. However, treatment flags for select groups (e.g. childhood cancers) may be fairly complete in AT_TREATMENT_ENGLAND for earlier years. Cancer Waiting Times (CWT) data is not currently used. This decision was made following an assessment of the coverage of the datasets, and as ≥98% of radiotherapy and ≥94% of chemotherapy were captured by registry, SACT and RTDS in the period October 2012 to March 2013 (with the data completeness believed to be increasing since) it did not justify the complication of including CWT data.

For patients with one tumour diagnosed in 2013-2016, and those patients with multiple tumours diagnosed more than eighteen months apart, data from both the tumour linked table (AT_TREATMENT_ENGLAND) and the patient linked tables (SACT, RTDS and HES) is used. However, for patients with two or more tumours diagnosed within eighteen months of each other, only data from the tumour-linked table (i.e., AT_TREATMENT_ENGLAND) is used¹. This is because for the patient linked tables, the precise tumour that a treatment relates to is not identified, only the person. The

¹ Please note, for tumours diagnosed in late 2016, 18 months of follow-up are currently incomplete.

current scope of this SOP is to define a working methodology for counting treatments in the absence of tumour level linked data, but this may be modified as and when further tumour-linked treatment data becomes available.

Tumours which received the same treatment more than once are only counted once.

Early stage tumour resections

Previous resections work relied upon lists of procedure codes (OPCS-4 codes) which would be used to remove the primary tumour (available here). These lists were defined in consultation with experienced clinicians. Lack of data on stage at diagnosis at the time of definition meant that the lists were conservative, and each code would apply across all tumours of that particular site regardless of stage. Now that high quality stage at diagnosis data is available for most sites, the list of OPCS-4 procedure codes used to define tumour resections has been adapted to include tumour resections for early stage tumours. Site-specific clinicians were consulted for the 24 sites included in the original major resection list, and stage-specific rules have now been incorporated for relevant sites (cervical, colon, rectum, bladder, liver, oesophageal and stomach cancers).

In addition to the existing tumour resection list, the following procedures were identified as tumour resections in early stage disease only:

Cervical	Cone biopsies for FIGO stage 1a tumours, and also those with stage 1b & 1b1 disease if the patient also had a lymphadenectomy
Colon and rectum	Endoscopic resections and endoscopic biopsy procedures for TNM stage 1 tumours
Bladder	Endoscopic resections of lesion of bladder (TURBT) for T1 (non-muscle invasive) tumours
Liver	Percutaneous radiofrequency and microwave ablation of lesion of liver for TNM stage 1 tumours
Oesophagus	Fibreoptic endoscopic resection of lesions of upper gastrointestinal tract and oesophagus for TNM stage 1a tumours
Stomach	Fibreoptic endoscopic resection of lesion of upper gastrointestinal tract and oesophagus for TNM stage 1a tumours

In addition, after clinical review certain OPCS-4 codes were added to or removed from the previous list for all stages of disease. For more information, see Appendix 3, and Appendix 6 for a sensitivity analysis showing the impact of adding stage-specific tumour resections.

Timeframe

European Network of Cancer Registries (ENCR) rules state that date of diagnosis is recorded as the date of most recent pathological confirmation. This means that date of diagnosis can be shortly after a surgical resection. To avoid excluding relevant data, treatments in the one month (-31 days inclusive) prior to diagnosis were included in the analysis.

Previous work on resections included a time-period of six months post-diagnosis for all (except six) of the cancer sites. The exceptions were breast and gynaecological cancers, which were regarded as requiring substantial pre-operative chemo- or radiotherapy and were therefore followed up for 12 months. Although six months captures the majority of treatments, neo-adjuvant treatments can delay surgery past this period, and other instances may occur where tumour resections, which are part of the initial care plan, occur after six months.

Therefore for this update, a data-driven approach with additional input from site-specialist clinicians was used to decide a site- and modality- specific post-diagnosis timeframe. The timeframe was chosen to be long enough to capture as many treatments as possible as part of the patient's primary course of treatment, while also minimising the inclusion of treatments for recurrence. This SOP counts treatments between one month before, to up to eighteen months after diagnosis, with the exact timeframe depending on the site and treatment type. For patients who received each treatment for each cancer, the number of days after diagnosis at which 95% of these patients received the treatment was identified. This was rounded up to the nearest three month interval, and this timeframe cut off was applied. Post-diagnosis timeframes were therefore 6, 9, 12, 15 or 18 months. The timeframes were based on 2013 and 2014 data only, because of the length of follow-up data required.

For example, of the pancreatic tumours diagnosed in 2013-14 which received a tumour resection within two years of diagnosis, 95% had their resection within 226 days. Therefore for all pancreatic cancers diagnosed in 2013-2016, a post-diagnosis tumour resection timeframe of 274 days (9 months) was applied. Exceptions to the data driven approach were made for particular treatments for certain cancer sites under recommendation from clinicians. For these sites, clinicians decided the timeframe using a combination of their own experience and the data. See Appendix 2 for details, and Appendix 7 for a sensitivity analysis showing the impact of changing the timeframes.

SQL rules used to identify treatments

In order to match the output from CancerStats, the cascade_inci_flag (from the registry AT_TUMOUR_ENGLAND base table) must equal 1 (refer to the standard operating procedure "CAS-SOP #1: Counting Cancer Cases" for further information on this, available on request to NCRAS). This SOP applies to CAS 1612 onwards, as it uses the newly categorised treatments implemented in December 2016.

Chemotherapy

A tumour is recorded as treated with chemotherapy if:

- there is a record in AT_TREATMENT_ENGLAND which states that the tumour was treated with chemotherapy (event is either 'Cytotoxic Chemotherapy' (code = 02) or 'CT - Other' (code = CTX) or 'chemoradiotherapy' (code = 04) or 'radioisotope therapy (including radioiodine)' (code = 19) or 'Immunotherapy' (code = 15))
- and the event date (EVENTDATE) occurred in the relevant timeframe (see Appendix
 2)

OR

- there is a record in SACT (excluding those null or classified as 'Hormones' or 'Not chemo' or 'Zoledronic acid' or 'Pamidronate' or 'Denosumab')
- and the start date of the regimen (START_DATE_OF_REGIMEN) occurred in the relevant timeframe
- and the patient had no other tumours diagnosed in the 18 months before or after that tumour's diagnosis date

SACT is linked to cancer registration where NHS numbers are a perfect match. Regimen mappings are based on both those directly confirmed by trusts, and those assigned by the SACT team (for example where trusts haven't addressed unmapped regimens).

Tumour resections

A tumour is recorded as treated by resection if:

- there is a record in AT_TREATMENT_ENGLAND which states that the tumour was treated with surgery (event is '01a', '01b', or '01z')
- and the OPCS4 CODE is in the tumour resection list
 - or the OPCS4_CODE is identified as a tumour resection in early stage tumours for that specific cancer site (see Appendix 3)
- and the operation date (OPERTN) occurred in the relevant timeframe (see Appendix
 2)

- there is an inpatient HES episode with a tumour resection OPCS-4 code in one of the operation fields
 - or one of the operation fields contains an OPCS-4 code identified as a tumour resection in early stage tumours for that specific cancer site (see Appendix 3)
- and the operation date (OPERTN) occurred in the relevant timeframe
- and the patient had no other tumours diagnosed in the 18 months before or after that tumour's diagnosis date

HES is linked to the cancer registration using a matching algorithm taking into account NHS number, date of birth, sex and postcode at diagnosis (details available on request to NCRAS). HES tables have been additionally linked on NHS number in this version of the SOP. This is a temporary fix of an issue arising, where multiple patientids were linked to a single NHS number in HES. This should not be required in future iterations and may mean that some events in HES are not being identified.

Radiotherapy

A tumour is recorded as treated with radiotherapy if:

- there is a record in AT_TREATMENT_ENGLAND which states that the tumour was treated with radiotherapy (event is either 'RT - Teletherapy' (code = 05) or 'chemoradiotherapy' (code = 04) or 'radiosurgery' (code = 22) or 'RT - Other/ NK' (code = RTX))
- and the event date (EVENTDATE) occurred in the relevant timeframe (see Appendix
 2)

OR

- there is a record in RTDS (excluding those classed as Brachytherapy, i.e., with RTTREATMENTMODALITY='06')
- and the appointment date (APPTDATE) occurred in the relevant timeframe
- and the patient had no other tumours diagnosed in the 18 months before or after that tumour's diagnosis date

RTDS is linked to the cancer registration using a matching algorithm taking into account NHS number, date of birth, sex and postcode at diagnosis (details available on request to NCRAS). Brachytherapy was excluded from the definition of radiotherapy because further investigation into its completeness is needed first. Radiotherapy figures are likely to be an underestimate as there is underreporting of teletherapy in both RTDS datasets, and data may be incomplete for selected NHS Trusts.

From 1 April 2016, PHE took over full responsibility for RTDS, allowing greater integration of the management, collection, quality assurance and analysis of radiotherapy data alongside the other major national cancer data sets in its charge. For

patients whose follow up period for radiotherapy extended past April 2016, the RTDS.AT_PRESCRIPTIONS dataset in CAS1902 was used.

Results breakdowns

Results are broken down by 24 tumour sites; the ICD-10 codes used to define these be found in Appendix 2.

Stage breakdowns in the data release use TNM staging, except for gynaecological cancers which use Figo staging. For cervical cancers, only FIGO staging was used. For ovarian, uterine and vulval cancers, TNM stage was used where Figo stage was unknown. Figo substages were collated into Figo stages 1, 2, 3, 4, and unknown. To remain consistent with published stage data, Breast tumours (C50) with Paget's disease were excluded. The final recorded stage of a tumour is derived by the registration service using all information available up to 3 months after diagnosis. For this reason, the tumour stage shown in this data may be different to the stage originally available to the clinician when deciding a course of treatment, as it may have been subsequently updated following removal of the tumour and pathology results.

The patient's age group was based on the age of the patient when they were diagnosed with the tumour.

The patient's income deprivation quintile was allocated by linking the patient's postcode to their 2011 ONS census Lower Super Output Area (LSOA). This was then linked to the Ministry of Housing, Communities & Local Government 2015 income deprivation quintile for that LSOA.

The patient's Charlson comorbidity score was derived from Hospital Episodes Statistics (HES) and Cancer Registry data combined, and looks back at the time period between 27 months to 3 months before the patient's cancer diagnosis.

The patient's Cancer Alliance was allocated based on their Cancer Alliance of residence at point of diagnosis, not the location(s) where they were treated.

Appendix 1: Code changes in SOP version 4.5 compared to 4.4

Changes have been made to the extraction code in SOP version 4.5 since SOP version 4.4 was published for 2013-2015 diagnoses. These are noted below. Only non-superficial changes are noted; i.e. changes that could potentially impact the results.

Timeframe lookup table

 The timeframe lookup table was updated to follow rules for brain and testis tumours as defined by the Get Data Out programme (see Appendix 2).

Tumour cohort table

- Testicular sarcoma (D29) and ovarian (D39) have been included to align with Get Data Out Cohorts. If you wish to extact treatment rates for malignant tumours only (C00-C97 excl. C44), you will need to specify this in the code.
- Additional morphology codes have been used to define "Ovarian" C48 tumours, as opposed to "Other" (non-ovarian) C48 tumours in the tumour_cohort table. The 3 digit ICD 10 code is defined as "C48Other" and "C48Ovary", depending on the morphology of the tumour.
- Brain has been defined as brain, meningeal and other primary CNS tumours. The ICD
 10 codes included are in Appendix 2. These cover all primary tumours of the brain and
 meninges, all primary tumours of the endocrine glands within the brain (the pituitary
 gland, the craniopharyngeal gland, and the pineal gland), and all primary tumours of the
 Central Nervous System. The 3 digit ICD 10 code for C75 was grouped as 'C75Brain'
 and 'C75Other' to specify related C75 codes.
- Testis has been defined as testicular tumours, including post-pubertal teratomas. 3 digit ICD10 codes for testicular D29 tumours have been defined as 'D29Testes' and 'D29Other'.
- The Snapshot used for AT_TUMOUR_ENGLAND and AT_TREATMENT_ENGLAND was updated to 1902, corresponding to the 2017 annual snapshot.
- STAGE_BEST_1901 from the AT_TUMOUR_EXPERIMENTAL_ENGLAND table has been used to replace STAGE_BEST, to ensure compariability with published stage figures.

Chemotherapy flag

 The Snapshot used for AT_TREATMENT_ENGLAND was updated to 1902 and SACT_LEGACY tables in CASREF01 were used rather than the 1710 snapshot.

Tumour resection flag

- Specific resection codes and the site specific timeframes were added or updated for Brain, Testis and Ovarian tumours (see appendices 2 and 3).
- HES tables have been additionally linked on NHS number in this version of the SOP. This is a temporary fix of an issue arising, where multiple patientids were linked to a single NHS number in HES. This should not be required in future iterations and may mean that some events in HES are not being identified.

Radiotherapy flag

• The Snapshots used for AT_TREATMENT_ENGLAND and for the RTDS dataset post April 2016 were updated to 1902.

Appendix 2: Summary of tumour sites & timeframe rules

The following ICD 10 codes and post-diagnostic treatment time periods were used for the cancer sites presented in this workbook. The time periods were identified using a data driven approach detailed in CAS-SOP #4.4, with exceptions(*) made for particular treatments for certain cancer sites under recommendation from clinicians. These timeframes were chosen by clinicians using their own experience and the data. [^Updated in this version]

		Days included a	s post-diagno (months)	estic time period
Cancer site	ICD10 codes	Chemotherapy	Tumour resections	Radiotherapy
Bladder	C67	365 (12)	274 (9)	365 (12)*
Brain^	C70-72, C75.1-C75.3	547 (18)	183 (6)	365 (12)
Breast	C50	365 (12)*	365 (12)*	365 (12)*
Cervical	C53	274 (9)*	274 (9)*	274 (9)*
Colorectal: Colon	C18-19	365 (12)*	183 (6)*	365 (12)*
Colorectal: Rectum	C20	365 (12)*	365 (12)*	365 (12)*
Hypopharynx	C12, C13	183 (6)	365 (12)	183 (6)
Larynx	C32	365 (12)	456 (15)	183 (6)
Oral cavity	C02, C03, C04, C06	456 (15)	183 (6)	456 (15)
Oropharynx	C01, C09, C10	183 (6)	365 (12)	183 (6)
Other head and neck	C05, C11, C14, C30, C31	365 (12)	456 (15)	274 (9)
Salivary glands	C07, C08	547 (18)	183 (6)	274 (9)
Kidney	C64-C66, C68	365 (12)*	183 (6)	365 (12)*
Liver	C22	456 (15)	365 (12)	547 (18)
SCLC	C33-C34 with ICD-O-2 morphology in list 8041, 8042, 8043, 8044, 8045	183 (6)*	183 (6)*	183 (6)*
NSCLC	C33-C34 with ICD-O-2 morphology not in list 8041, 8042, 8043, 8044, 8045	183 (6)*	183 (6)*	183 (6)*
Oesophagus	C15	183 (6)	274 (9)	274 (9)*
Ovary^	C56-C57, C48 (females, excluding ICD-O-2 8693, 8800-8806, 8963, 8990, 8991, 9040-9044, 8810, 8811-8921, 9120-9373, 9490, 9500, 9530-9582), D39.1	274 (9)*	274 (9)*	274 (9)*
Pancreas	C25	183 (6)	274 (9)	547 (18)
Prostate	C61	365 (12)*	456 (15)	365 (12)*
Stomach	C16	183 (6)	274 (9)	274 (9)*
Testis^	C62, D29.2	274 (9)	183 (6)	547(18)
Uterine	C54-C55	274 (9)*	274 (9)*	274 (9)*
Vulva	C51	274 (9)*	274 (9)*	274 (9)*
Other malignant neoplasms	C00, C17, C21, C23-C24,C26, C37-C49, non-ovarian C48, C52, C58, C60, C62-C63, C69- C97	456 (15)	N/A	547 (18)
All malignant cancers excl. non-melanoma skin cancer	C00-97, excl C44	Dependen	t on above tim	ne periods

Appendix 3: Site-specific summary of tumour resection rules

OPCS-4 code	Procedure name	Notes
Bladder (C	667)	
M421	Endoscopic resection of lesion of bladder	Non muscle invasive (T1) tumours only
M341	Cystoprostatectomy	
M342	Cystourethrectomy	
M343	Cystectomy NEC	
M344	Simple cystectomy	
M348	Other specified total excision of bladder	
M349	Unspecified total excision of bladder	
M359	Unspecified partial excision of bladder	
X142	Anterior exenteration of pelvis	
Brain (C70	0-C72, C75.1-C75.3)	
A021	Excision Of Lesion Of Tissue Of Frontal Lobe	Of Brain
A022	Excision Of Lesion Of Tissue Of Temporal Lob	e Of Brain
B041	Excision Of Lesion Of Pituitary Gland	
A023	Excision Of Lesion Of Tissue Of Parietal Lobe	Of Brain
A388	Other Specified Extirpation Of Lesion Of Menii	nges Of Brain
A028	Other Specified Excision Of Lesion Of Tissue	Of Brain
A295	Excision Of Lesion Of Acoustic Nerve (Viii)	
A025	Excision Of Lesion Of Tissue Of Cerebellum	
A445	Excision Of Lesion Of Intradural Extramedullar	ry Spinal Cord
A382	Extirpation Of Lesion Of Meninges Of Spheno	dal Ridge Ofm Cranium
A381	Extirpation Of Lesion Of Meninges Of Cortex (Of Brain
A383	Extirpation Of Lesion Of Meninges Of Subfron	tal Region Of Brain
A384	Extirpation Of Lesion Of Meninges Of Parasag	ittal Region Of Brain
A024	Excision Of Lesion Of Tissue Of Occipital Lobe	e Of Brain
B012	Trans-Sphenoidal Hypophysectomy	
A029	Unspecified Excision Of Lesion Of Tissue Of E	Brain
A013	Partial Lobectomy Of Brain	
A443	Excision Of Lesion Of Intradural Intramedullary	y Spinal Cord
A431	Extirpation Of Lesion Of Meninges Of Skull Ba	se
A389	Unspecified Extirpation Of Lesion Of Meninger	s Of Brain
A511	Extirpation Of Lesion Of Meninges Of Spinal C	Cord
A385	Extirpation Of Lesion Of Falx Cerebri	
A026	Excision Of Lesion Of Tissue Of Brain Stem	
A386	Extirpation Of Lesion Of Tentorium Cerebelli	
A442	Extirpation Of Lesion Of Spinal Cord Nec	
B019	Unspecified Excision Of Pituitary Gland	
A571	Extirpation Of Lesion Of Spinal Nerve Root	

A012	Total Lobectomy Of Brain
A019	Unspecified Major Excision Of Tissue Of Brain
B068	Other Specified Operations On Pineal Gland
V051	Extirpation Of Lesion Of Cranium
A439	Unspecified Other Extirpation Of Lesion Of Meninges Of Brain
A444	Excision Of Lesion Of Extradural Spinal Cord
A171	Endoscopic Extirpation Of Lesion Of Ventricle Of Brain
A432	Extirpation Of Lesion Of Meninges Of Skull Clivus
A293	Excision Of Lesion Of Trigeminal Nerve (V)
A298	Excision Of Lesion Of Specified Cranial Nerve Nec
A018	Other Specified Major Excision Of Tissue Of Brain
A299	Unspecified Excision Of Lesion Of Cranial Nerve
A294	Excision Of Lesion Of Facial Nerve (Vii)
V291	Primary Laminectomy Excision Of Cervical Intervertebral Disc
A438	Other Specified Other Extirpation Of Lesion Of Meninges Of Brain
B018	Other Specified Excision Of Pituitary Gland
A611	Excision Of Lesion Of Peripheral Nerve
C021	Excision Of Lesion Of Orbit
A449	Unspecified Partial Extirpation Of Spinal Cord
V331	Primary Laminectomy Excision Of Lumbar Intervertebral Disc
V432	Excision Of Lesion Of Thoracic Vertebra
V433	Excision Of Lesion Of Lumbar Vertebra
V318	Other Specified Primary Excision Of Thoracic Intervertebral Disc
A291	Excision Of Lesion Of Optic Nerve (li)
V351	Primary Excision Of Intervertebral Disc Nec
A297	Excision Of Lesion Of Vagus Nerve (X)
B061	Excision Of Pineal Gland
V439	Unspecified Extirpation Of Lesion Of Spine
V431	Excision Of Lesion Of Cervical Vertebra
A448	Other Specified Partial Extirpation Of Spinal Cord
V339	Unspecified Primary Excision Of Lumbar Intervertebral Disc
V319	Unspecified Primary Excision Of Thoracic Intervertebral Disc
A441	Chordectomy Of Spinal Cord
B014	Transcranial Hypophysectomy
A069	Unspecified Other Excision Of Lesion Of Tissue Of Brain
A068	Other Specified Other Excision Of Lesion Of Tissue Of Brain
A296	Excision Of Lesion Of Glossopharyngeal Nerve (Ix)
B013	Trans-Septal Hypophysectomy
V312	Primary Anterolateral Excision Of Thoracic Intervertebral Disc Nec
V438	Other Specified Extirpation Of Lesion Of Spine
A598	Other Specified Excision Of Peripheral Nerve
V074	Excision Of Lesion Of Infratemporal Fossa
A292	Excision Of Lesion Of Oculomotor Nerve (Iii)
A011	Hemispherectomy
Breast (C	50)

B271 Total mastectomy and excision of both pectoral muscles and part of chest wall

	3
B272	Total mastectomy and excision of both pectoral muscles NEC
B273	Total mastectomy and excision of pectoralis minor muscle
B274	Total mastectomy NEC
B275	Subcutaneous mastectomy
B276	Skin sparing mastectomy
B278	Other specified total excision of breast
B279	Unspecified total excision of breast
B281	Quadrantectomy of breast
B282	Partial excision of breast NEC
B283	Excision of lesion of breast NEC
B284	Re-excision of breast margins
B285	Wire guided partial excision of breast
B286	Excision of accessory breast tissue
B288	Other specified other excision of breast
B289	Unspecified other excision of breast
B341	Subareolar excision of mammary duct
B342	Excision of mammary duct NEC
B343	Excision of lesion of mammary duct
B352	Excision of nipple
B353	Extirpation of lesion of nipple
B374	Capsulectomy of breast
B401	Interstitial laser destruction of lesion of breast
B408	Other specified destruction of lesion of breast
B409	Unspecified destruction of lesion of breast
B287	Wire guided excision of lesion of breast

Cervical	Cervical (C53)		
Q014	Large loop excision of transformation zone	Figo stage 1a only, and stage 1b and 1b1 where also present with a lymphadenectomy code (TT856, T859, T865)	
Q033	Cone biopsy of cervix uteri NEC	Figo stage 1a only, and stage 1b and 1b1 where also present with a lymphadenectomy code (TT856, T859, T865)	
Q031	Knife cone biopsy of cervix uteri	Figo stage 1a only, and stage 1b and 1b1 where also present with a lymphadenectomy code (TT856, T859, T865)	
Q032	Laser cone biopsy of cervix uteri	Figo stage 1a only, and stage 1b and 1b1 where also present with a lymphadenectomy code (TT856, T859, T865)	
T856	Block dissection of pelvic lymph nodes	Figo stage 1b and 1b1 where also present with a cone biopsy code (Q014, Q033, Q031, Q032)	
T859	Unspecified block dissection of lymph nodes	Figo stage 1b and 1b1 where also present with a cone biopsy code (Q014, Q033, Q031, Q032)	
T865	Sampling of mediastinal lymph nodes	Figo stage 1b and 1b1 where also present with a cone biopsy code (Q014, Q033, Q031, Q032)	
P172	Partial colpectomy		
Q011	Amputation of cervix uteri		
Q013	Excision of lesion of cervix uteri		

Q018	Other specified excision of cervix uteri
Q071	Abdominal hysterocolpectomy and excision of periuterine tissue
Q072	Abdominal hysterectomy and excision of periuterine tissue NEC
Q073	Abdominal hysterocolpectomy NEC
Q074	Total abdominal hysterectomy NEC
Q078	Other specified abdominal excision of uterus
Q079	Unspecified abdominal excision of uterus
Q081	Vaginal hysterocolpectomy and excision of periuterine tissue
Q082	Vaginal hysterectomy and excision of periuterine tissue NEC
Q083	Vaginal hysterocolpectomy NEC
Q088	Other specified vaginal excision of uterus
Q089	Unspecified vaginal excision of uterus
X141	Total exenteration of pelvis
X142	Anterior exenteration of pelvis
X143	Posterior exenteration of pelvis
X148	Other specified clearance of pelvis
X149	Unspecified clearance of pelvis

Colon and rectum (C18, C19 and C20) Diagnostic fibreoptic endoscopic examination of H221 Stage 1 only colon and biopsy of lesion of colon H251 Diagnostic endoscopic examination of lower bowel Stage 1 only and biopsy of lesion of lower bowel using fibreoptic sigmoidoscope Unspecified diagnostic endoscopic examination of H259 Stage 1 only lower bowel using fibreoptic sigmoidoscope Unspecified diagnostic endoscopic examination of H229 Stage 1 only H181 Open colonoscopy Stage 1 only H281 Diagnostic endoscopic examination of sigmoid Stage 1 only colon and biopsy of lesion of sigmoid colon using rigid sigmoidoscope H191 Open biopsy of lesion of colon Stage 1 only Biopsy of lesion of anus H561 Stage 1 only H201 Fibreoptic endoscopic snare resection of lesion of Stage 1 only colon H412 Peranal excision of lesion of rectum Stage 1 only H206 Fibreoptic endoscopic resection of lesion of colon Stage 1 only **NEC** H231 Endoscopic snare resection of lesion of lower Stage 1 only bowel using fibreoptic sigmoidoscope Endoscopic resection of lesion of lower bowel H236 Stage 1 only using fibreoptic sigmoidoscope NEC H205 Fibreoptic endoscopic submucosal resection of Stage 1 only lesion of colon H202 Fibreoptic endoscopic cauterisation of lesion of Stage 1 only colon H122 Excision of lesion of colon NEC Stage 1 only Endoscopic submucosal resection of lesion of H235 Stage 1 only lower bowel using fibreoptic sigmoidoscope H239 Unspecified endoscopic extirpation of lesion of Stage 1 only lower bowel using fibreoptic sigmoidoscope H402 Trans-sphincteric excision of lesion of rectum Stage 1 only

_		Entiting troatmont tables	
	H232	Endoscopic cauterisation of lesion of lower bowel using fibreoptic sigmoidoscope	Stage 1 only
	H261	Endoscopic snare resection of lesion of sigmoid colon using rigid sigmoidoscope	Stage 1 only
	H208	Other specified endoscopic extirpation of lesion of	Stage 1 only
	H341	colon Open excision of lesion of rectum	Stage 1 only
	H418	Other specified other operations on rectum through anus	Stage 1 only
	H209	Unspecified endoscopic extirpation of lesion of colon	Stage 1 only
	H248	Other specified other therapeutic endoscopic operations on lower bowel using fibreoptic sigmoidoscope	Stage 1 only
	H238	Other specified endoscopic extirpation of lesion of lower bowel using fibreoptic sigmoidoscope	Stage 1 only
	H204	Fibreoptic endoscopic destruction of lesion of colon NEC	Stage 1 only
	H419	Unspecified other operations on rectum through anus	Stage 1 only
	H024	Incidental appendicectomy	C18.1 (appendix tumours) only
	H019	Unspecified emergency excision of appendix	C18.1 (appendix tumours) only
	H011	Emergency excision of abnormal appendix and drainage HFQ	C18.1 (appendix tumours) only
	H041	Panproctocolectomy and ileostomy	
	H042	Panproctocolectomy and anastomosis of ileum to and	us and creation of pouch HFQ
	H043	Panproctocolectomy and anastomosis of ileum to anu	ıs NEC
	H048	Other specified total excision of colon and rectum	
	H049	Unspecified total excision of colon and rectum	
	H051	Total colectomy and anastomosis of ileum to rectum	
	H052	Total colectomy and ileostomy and creation of rectal	fistula HFQ
	H053	Total colectomy and ileostomy NEC	
	H058	Other specified total excision of colon	
	H059	Unspecified total excision of colon	
	H061	Extended right hemicolectomy and end to end anasto	mosis
	H062	Extended right hemicolectomy and anastomosis of ile	eum to colon
	H063	Extended right hemicolectomy and anastomosis NEC	;
	H064	Extended right hemicolectomy and ileostomy HFQ	
	H068	Other specified extended excision of right hemicolon	
	H069	Unspecified extended excision of right hemicolon	
	H071	Right hemicolectomy and end to end anastomosis of	ileum to colon
	H072	Right hemicolectomy and side to side anastomosis of	ileum to transverse colon
	H073	Right hemicolectomy and anastomosis NEC	
	H074	Right hemicolectomy and ileostomy HFQ	
	H078	Other specified other excision of right hemicolon	
	H079	Unspecified other excision of right hemicolon	
	H081	Transverse colectomy and end to end anastomosis	
	H082	Transverse colectomy and anastomosis of ileum to co	olon
	H083	Transverse colectomy and anastomosis NEC	
	H084	Transverse colectomy and ileostomy HFQ	
	H085	Transverse colectomy and exteriorisation of bowel NI	EC
		,	

<i>3710 001 111</i>	. Entiting troutmont tables
H088	Other specified excision of transverse colon
H089	Unspecified excision of transverse colon
H091	Left hemicolectomy and end to end anastomosis of colon to rectum
H092	Left hemicolectomy and end to end anastomosis of colon to colon
H093	Left hemicolectomy and anastomosis NEC
H094	Left hemicolectomy and ileostomy HFQ
H095	Left hemicolectomy and exteriorisation of bowel NEC
H098	Other specified excision of left hemicolon
H099	Unspecified excision of left hemicolon
H101	Sigmoid colectomy and end to end anastomosis of ileum to rectum
H102	Sigmoid colectomy and anastomosis of colon to rectum
H103	Sigmoid colectomy and anastomosis NEC
H104	Sigmoid colectomy and ileostomy HFQ
H105	Sigmoid colectomy and exteriorisation of bowel NEC
H108	Other specified excision of sigmoid colon
H109	Unspecified excision of sigmoid colon
H111	Colectomy and end to end anastomosis of colon to colon NEC
H112	Colectomy and side to side anastomosis of ileum to colon NEC
H113	Colectomy and anastomosis NEC
H114	Colectomy and ileostomy NEC
H115	Colectomy and exteriorisation of bowel NEC
H118	Other specified other excision of colon
H119	Unspecified other excision of colon
H291	Subtotal excision of colon and rectum and creation of colonic pouch and anastomosis of colon to anus
H292	Subtotal excision of colon and rectum and creation of colonic pouch NEC
H293	Subtotal excision of colon and creation of colonic pouch and anastomosis of colon to rectum
H294	Subtotal excision of colon and creation of colonic pouch NEC
H298	Other specified subtotal excision of colon
H299	Unspecified subtotal excision of colon
H331	Abdominoperineal excision of rectum and end colostomy
H332	Proctectomy and anastomosis of colon to anus
H333	Anterior resection of rectum and anastomosis of colon to rectum using staples
H334	Anterior resection of rectum and anastomosis NEC
H335	Rectosigmoidectomy and closure of rectal stump and exteriorisation of bowel
H336	Anterior resection of rectum and exteriorisation of bowel
H337	Perineal resection of rectum HFQ
H338	Other specified excision of rectum
H339	Unspecified excision of rectum
H404	Trans-sphincteric anastomosis of colon to anus
H408	Other specified operations on rectum through anal sphincter
H409	Unspecified operations on rectum through anal sphincter
X141	Total exenteration of pelvis
X142	Anterior exenteration of pelvis
X143	Posterior exenteration of pelvis
X148	Other specified clearance of pelvis
X149	Unspecified clearance of pelvis

H075	Right hemicolectomy and end to side anastomosis
H065	Extended right hemicolectomy and end to side anastomosis
H106	Sigmoid colectomy and end to side anastomosis
H322	Hartmann procedure(rectosigmoidectomy)

Head and	I neck (C01, C02, C03, C04, C05, C06, C07, C08, C09, C10, C11, C12, C13, C14, C30, C31, C32)
F341	Bilateral dissection tonsillectomy Tonsil tumours (C09) only
E191	Total pharyngectomy
E192	Partial pharyngectomy
E214	Plastic repair of pharynx NEC
E231	Open excision of lesion of pharynx
E291	Total laryngectomy
E292	Partial horizontal laryngectomy
E293	Partial vertical laryngectomy
E295	Laryngofissure and chordectomy of vocal chord
E301	Excision of lesion of larynx using thyrotomy as approach
E341	Microtherapeutic endoscopic extirpation of lesion of larynx using laser
E342	Microtherapeutic endoscopic resection of lesion of larynx NEC
E343	Microtherapeutic endoscopic destruction of lesion of larynx NEC
E414	Tracheo-oesophageal puncture with insertion of speech prosthesis
F011	Excision of vermilion border of lip and advancement of mucosa of lip
F018	Other specified partial excision of lip
F042	Reconstruction of lip using skin flap
F202	Excision of lesion of gingiva
F221	Total glossectomy
F222	Partial glossectomy
F301	Plastic repair of palate using flap of palate
F303	Plastic repair of palate using flap of tongue
F304	Plastic repair of palate using graft of skin
F305	Plastic repair of palate using flap of mucosa
F324	Operations on uvula NEC
F328	Other specified other operations on palate
F349	Unspecified excision of tonsil
F381	Excision of lesion of floor of mouth
F382	Excision of lesion of mouth NEC
F391	Reconstruction of mouth using flap NEC
F392	Reconstruction of mouth using graft NEC
F441	Total excision of parotid gland
F442	Partial excision of parotid gland
G021	Total oesophagectomy and anastomosis of pharynx to stomach
G032	Partial oesophagectomy and interposition of microvascularly attached jejunum
S171	Distant myocutaneous subcutaneous pedicle flap to head or neck
S208	Other specified other distant flap of skin
S248	Other specified local flap of skin and muscle
S288	Other specified flap of mucosa
S353	Split autograft of skin to head or neck NEC

M183

Secondary ureterectomy

	T851	Block dissection of cervical lymph nodes	
	V141	Hemimandibulectomy	
	V142	Extensive excision of mandible NEC	
	V143	Partial excision of mandible NEC	
	V144	Excision of lesion of mandible	
	V168	Other specified division of mandible	
	V191	Reconstruction of mandible	
	Y051	Total excision of organ NOC	
	Y592	Harvest of radial artery flap of skin and fascia	
	Y598	Other specified harvest of flap of skin and fascia	
	Y612	Harvest of flap of skin and pectoralis major muscle	
	Y631	Harvest of flap of latissimus dorsi muscle NEC	
	Y638	Other specified harvest of flap of muscle of trunk	
	Y662	Harvest of bone from rib	
	F231	Excision of lesion of tongue	
	F281	Excision of lesion of palate	
	F021	Excision of lesion of lip	
	F443	Excision of parotid gland NEC	
	E296	Laryngectomy NEC	
	E352	Endoscopic resection of lesion of larynx	
	F444	Excision of submandibular gland	
	F451	Excision of lesion of parotid gland	
	E242	Endoscopic extirpation of lesion of pharynx NEC	
	E294	Partial laryngectomy NEC	
	V068	Other specified excision of maxilla	
	V069	Unspecified excision of maxilla	
	V061	Medial maxillectomy	
	V149	Unspecified excision of mandible	
	E299	Unspecified excision of larynx	
_			
_	Kidney (C6	4-C66, C68)	
	M291	Endoscopic extirpation of lesion of ureter	Tumours of ureter (C66) & pelvis (C65) only
	M021	Nephrectomy and excision of perirenal tissue	
	M022	Nephroureterectomy NEC	
	M023	Bilateral nephrectomy	
	M024	Excision of half of horseshoe kidney	
	M025	Nephrectomy NEC	
	M028	Other specified total excision of kidney	
	M029	Unspecified total excision of kidney	
	M038	Other specified partial excision of kidney	
	M039	Unspecified partial excision of kidney	
	M042	Open excision of lesion of kidney NEC	
	M104	Endoscopic cryoablation of lesion of kidney	
	M181	Total ureterectomy	
	M182	Excision of segment of ureter	
	B 4 4 0 0	0 1 1 1	

	0	
M252	Open excision of lesion of ureter NEC	
M137	Percutaneous radiofrequency ablation of lesion of kid	dney
Y112	Cryotherapy to organ NOC	
Liver (C22)		
Liver (C22)		Oleve 4 and
J124	Percutaneous radiofrequency ablation of lesion of liver	Stage 1 only
J127	Percutaneous microwave ablation of lesion of liver	Stage 1 only
J021	Right hemihepatectomy NEC	
J022	Left hemihepatectomy NEC	
J023	Resection of segment of liver	
J024	Wedge excision of liver	
J026	Extended right hemihepatectomy	
J027	Extended left hemihepatectomy	
J028	Other specified partial excision of liver	
J029	Unspecified partial excision of liver	
J019	Unspecified transplantation of liver	
J011	Orthotopic transplantation of liver NEC	
J031	Excision of lesion of liver NEC	
J015	Orthotopic transplantation of whole liver	
J101	Percutaneous transluminal embolisation of hepatic a	rtery
J053	Open wedge biopsy of lesion of liver	
Small cell l	ung cancer (SCLC) and Non small cell lung cancer (NS	SCLC) (C33-C34)
E391	Open excision of lesion of trachea	
E398	Other specified partial excision of trachea	
E399	Unspecified partial excision of trachea	
E441	Excision of carina	
E461	Sleeve resection of bronchus and anastomosis HFQ	
E541	Total pneumonectomy	
E542	Bilobectomy of lung	
E543	Lobectomy of lung	
E544	Excision of segment of lung	
E545	Partial lobectomy of lung NEC	
E548	Other specified excision of lung	
E549	Unspecified excision of lung	
E552	Open excision of lesion of lung	
E559	Unspecified open extirpation of lesion of lung	
T013	Excision of lesion of chest wall	
T023	Insertion of prosthesis into chest wall NEC	
E554	Open destruction of lesion of lung NEC	
Oesophagu	· ,	
G421	Fibreoptic endoscopic submucosal resection of	Stage 1a disease only
G431	lesion of upper gastrointestinal tract Fibreoptic endoscopic snare resection of lesion of	Stage 1a disease only
- - -	upper gastrointestinal tract	G

G146	Fibreoptic endoscopic submucosal resection of	Stage 1a disease only
G171	lesion of oesophagus Endoscopic snare resection of lesion of	Stage 1a disease only
	oesophagus using rigid oesophagoscope	
G438	Other specified fibreoptic endoscopic extirpation of lesion of upper gastrointestinal tract	Stage 1a disease only
G011	Oesophagogastrectomy and anastomosis of oesoph	agus to stomach
G018	Other specified excision of oesophagus and stomacl	า
G019	Unspecified excision of oesophagus and stomach	
G021	Total oesophagectomy and anastomosis of pharynx	to stomach
G022	Total oesophagectomy and interposition of microvas	cularly attached jejunum
G023	Total oesophagectomy and interposition of jejunum I	NEC
G024	Total oesophagectomy and interposition of microvas	cularly attached colon
G025	Total oesophagectomy and interposition of colon NE	С
G028	Other specified total excision of oesophagus	
G029	Unspecified total excision of oesophagus	
G031	Partial oesophagectomy and end to end anastomosi	s of oesophagus
G032	Partial oesophagectomy and interposition of microva	scularly attached jejunum
G035	Partial oesophagectomy and interposition of microva	scularly attached colon
G036	Partial oesophagectomy and interposition of colon N	EC
G038	Other specified partial excision of oesophagus	
G039	Unspecified partial excision of oesophagus	
G033	Partial oesophagectomy and anastomosis of oesoph	agus to transposed jejunum
G274	Total gastrectomy and anastomosis of oesophagus t	o transposed jejunum
G034	Partial oesophagectomy and anastomosis of oesoph	agus to jejunum NEC
G013	Oesophagogastrectomy and anastomosis of oesoph	agus to jejunum NEC
G279	Unspecified total excision of stomach	
G275	Total gastrectomy and anastomosis of oesophagus t	o jejunum NEC
G271	Total gastrectomy and excision of surrounding tissue)

Overion (CEC CE7	and selected C48 tumours)
UVAHAH (USO)-US)/	and selected C46 lumburst

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
H331	Abdominoperineal excision of rectum and end colostomy
H332	Proctectomy and anastomosis of colon to anus
H333	Anterior resection of rectum and anastomosis of colon to rectum using staples
H334	Anterior resection of rectum and anastomosis NEC
H335	Rectosigmoidectomy and closure of rectal stump and exteriorisation of bowel
H336	Anterior resection of rectum and exteriorisation of bowel
H337	Perineal resection of rectum HFQ
H338	Other specified excision of rectum
H339	Unspecified excision of rectum
Q071	Abdominal hysterocolpectomy and excision of periuterine tissue
Q072	Abdominal hysterectomy and excision of periuterine tissue NEC
Q073	Abdominal hysterocolpectomy NEC
Q074	Total abdominal hysterectomy NEC
Q075	Subtotal abdominal hysterectomy
Q078	Other specified abdominal excision of uterus
Q079	Unspecified abdominal excision of uterus
Q081	Vaginal hysterocolpectomy and excision of periuterine tissue

Q082	Vaginal hysterectomy and excision of periuterine tissue NEC
Q083	Vaginal hysterocolpectomy NEC
Q088	Other specified vaginal excision of uterus
Q089	Unspecified vaginal excision of uterus
Q221	Bilateral salpingoophorectomy
Q223	Bilateral oophorectomy NEC
Q231	Unilateral salpingoophorectomy NEC
Q232	Salpingoophorectomy of remaining solitary fallopian tube and ovary
Q235	Unilateral oophorectomy NEC
Q236	Oophorectomy of remaining solitary ovary NEC
Q241	Salpingoophorectomy NEC
Q243	Oophorectomy NEC
Q438	Other specified partial excision of ovary
Q439	Unspecified partial excision of ovary
Q473	Open biopsy of lesion of ovary
Q478	Other specified other open operations on ovary
Q491	Endoscopic extirpation of lesion of ovary NEC
T331	Open excision of lesion of peritoneum
T332	Open destruction of lesion of peritoneum
T338	Other specified open extirpation of lesion of peritoneum
T339	Unspecified open extirpation of lesion of peritoneum
T361	Omentectomy
T362	Excision of lesion of omentum
X141	Total exenteration of pelvis
X142	Anterior exenteration of pelvis
X143	Posterior exenteration of pelvis
X148	Other specified clearance of pelvis
X149	Unspecified clearance of pelvis

Pai	ncreas	(C25)	

ганс	Falliceas (O23)		
J551	Total pancreatectomy and excision of surrounding tissue		
J552	2 Total pancreatectomy NEC		
J558	Other specified total excision of pancreas		
J559	Unspecified total excision of pancreas		
J561	Pancreaticoduodenectomy and excision of surrounding tissue		
J562	Pancreaticoduodenectomy and resection of antrum of stomach		
J563	Pancreaticoduodenectomy NEC		
J568	Other specified excision of head of pancreas		
J569	Unspecified excision of head of pancreas		
J571	Subtotal pancreatectomy		
J573	B Left pancreatectomy NEC		
J574	Excision of tail of pancreas and drainage of pancreatic duct		
J575	Excision of tail of pancreas NEC		
J578	Other specified other partial excision of pancreas		
J579	Unspecified other partial excision of pancreas		
J582	Excision of lesion of pancreas NEC		

Prostate	(C61)	
M611	Total excision of prostate and capsule of prostate	
M614	Perineal prostatectomy	
M618	Other specified open excision of prostate	
M619	Unspecified open excision of prostate	
M341	Cystoprostatectomy	
M711	High intensity focused ultrasound of prostate	
M671	Endoscopic cryotherapy to lesion of prostate	
X141	Total exenteration of pelvis	
Stomach	(C16)	
G421	Fibreoptic endoscopic submucosal resection of	Stage 1a disease only
G146	lesion of upper gastrointestinal tract Fibreoptic endoscopic submucosal resection of	Stage 1a disease only
G449	lesion of oesophagus Unspecified other therapeutic fibreoptic	Stage 1a disease only
0110	endoscopic operations on upper gastrointestinal	clago la dioddo olly
0040	tract	
G012	Oesophagogastrectomy and anastomosis of oesop	
G013 G271	Oesophagogastrectomy and anastomosis of oesop	
G271 G272	Total gastrectomy and excision of surrounding tiss. Total gastrectomy and anastomosis of oesophagus	
G272 G273	Total gastrectomy and interposition of jejunum	s to duodenum
G274	Total gastrectomy and anastomosis of oesophagus	s to transposed jejunum
G275	Total gastrectomy and anastomosis of oesophagus	
G278	Other specified total excision of stomach	ito jojanam NEO
G279	Unspecified total excision of stomach	
G281	Partial gastrectomy and anastomosis of stomach to	duodenum
G282	Partial gastrectomy and anastomosis of stomach to	
G283	Partial gastrectomy and anastomosis of stomach to	
G288	Other specified partial excision of stomach	
G289	Unspecified partial excision of stomach	
G011	Oesophagogastrectomy and anastomosis of oesop	hagus to stomach
G039	Unspecified partial excision of oesophagus	
Testis (C	62, D292)	
N063	Orchidectomy NEC	
N066	Inguinal Orchidectomy NEC	
N061	Subcapsular Orchidectomy NEC	
N068	Other Specified Other Excision Of Testis	
N069	Unspecified Other Excision Of Testis	
N052	Bilateral Orchidectomy NEC, Ablation Of Testes	
N053	Bilateral Inguinal Orchidectomy	
N051	Bilateral Subcapsular Orchidectomy	
N079	Unspecified Extirpation Of Lesion Of Testis	

X141 X142

X143

X148

P052

N078	Other Specified Extirpation Of Lesion Of Testis
X164	Excision Of Gonad From Pelvis
N072	Destruction Of Lesion Of Testis
X163	Excision Of Gonad From Abdomen
X165	Excision Of Gonad From Inguinal Canal
X166	Excision Of Gonad Nec

Anterior exenteration of pelvis

Posterior exenteration of pelvis

Partial excision of vulva

Other specified clearance of pelvis

Uterine (C54-C55)			
Q071	Abdominal hysterocolpectomy and excision of periuterine tissue		
Q072	Abdominal hysterectomy and excision of periuterine tissue NEC		
Q073	Abdominal hysterocolpectomy NEC		
Q074	Total abdominal hysterectomy NEC		
Q075	Subtotal abdominal hysterectomy		
Q078	Other specified abdominal excision of uterus		
Q079	Unspecified abdominal excision of uterus		
Q081	Vaginal hysterocolpectomy and excision of periuterine tissue		
Q082	Vaginal hysterectomy and excision of periuterine tissue NEC		
Q083	Vaginal hysterocolpectomy NEC		
Q088	Other specified vaginal excision of uterus		
Q089	Unspecified vaginal excision of uterus		
Q093	Open excision of lesion of uterus NEC		
Q161	Vaginal excision of lesion of uterus		
Q221	Bilateral salpingoophorectomy		
Q222	Bilateral salpingectomy NEC		
Q223	Bilateral oophorectomy NEC		
Q228	Other specified bilateral excision of adnexa of uterus		
Q229	Unspecified bilateral excision of adnexa of uterus		
Q231	Unilateral salpingoophorectomy NEC		
Q232	Salpingoophorectomy of remaining solitary fallopian tube and ovary		
Q235	Unilateral oophorectomy NEC		
Q236	Oophorectomy of remaining solitary ovary NEC		
Q238	Other specified unilateral excision of adnexa of uterus		
Q239	Unspecified unilateral excision of adnexa of uterus		
Q521	Excision of lesion of broad ligament of uterus		
X141	Total exenteration of pelvis		

X149	Unspecified clearance of pelvis
Vulva (C5	1)
P011	Clitoridectomy
P033	Excision of lesion of bartholin gland
P051	Total excision of vulva

P054	Excision of lesion of vulva NEC
P058	Other specified excision of vulva
P059	Unspecified excision of vulva
_	

P111 Excision of lesion of female perineum

Appendix 4: Example code

- --The code presented below was used to generate the AV2017.TREATMENT__TABLE_1316_SOP4P5 table and should be used to identify treatments for cancers diagnosed in 2013-2016.
- --There are also minor corrections to the code, so it supersedes the code published in both SOP version 4.2 for 2013-2014 diagnoses and 4.4 for 2013-2015 diagnoses (shared via NCRAS website).

-----User notes:-----

- -- This is the SQL to generate treatment flags (resection, chemo, radio) for 2013-16 diagnoses, including demographic & geographies breakdown
- -- It creates an extract to be used both in the unadjusted treatment rates workbook.
- --You will need access to SACT_LEGACY and RTDS in Snapshot 1902
- -- It uses these tables in CASREF01:
- --AV2017.OPCS4RESECTION LOOKUP 1316@CASREF01
- --AV2017.TIMEFRAME_LOOKUP_1316@CASREF01
- --1. Set your connection to CASREF01
- --2. Create each table in turn in the SQL, starting with your cohort of interest.
- --If limiting the cohort, do this in the first table (TR_TUMOUR_COHORT)
- --3. Then the last table brings all the previous ones together into your final export.
- --4. After you run each new table, you need to index it and create database stats this optimises performance.
- --This is included throughout using the CREATE INDEX and EXECUTE commands
- --You only need to create the database stats if you are creating and using that table the same day (otherwise they are automatically generated overnight)
- --You will need to change ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE to your user
- --If, after creating and indexing the tables, you need to rerun any, it may be more efficient to truncate the table than drop and create it again, e.g.:
- --TRUNCATE TABLE TR_TUMOUR_COHORT;
- --insert into TR_TUMOUR_COHORT (
- --5. Alternatively you can use the final table we have already created here:
- --AV2017.TREATMENT_TABLE_1316_SOP4P5@CASREF01
- --6. If analysing in Stata, you can use the code below to collapse the data down so it's not identifiable (example below groups by stage, cancer type & diagnosis year)

collapse (count) tumourid, by (cancergroup stage_group RT_FLAG CT_FLAG SG_FLAG diagno	osisyear)
Extraction code	

--Create amended tumour_code variable to differentiate between ovarian and non-ovarian C48 tumours and for the 3 character ICD 10 codes for brain and testis to match with new GDO restrictions.

```
when avt.SITE ICD10 O2 3CHAR in ('C48')
and (avt.morph, icd10, o2 not in (8693, 8800, 8801, 8802, 8803, 8804, 8805, 8806, 8963, 8990, 8991,
9040, 9041, 9042, 9043, 9044, 8810, 9490, 9500)
and (avt.morph icd10 o2 not between 8811 and 8921)
and (avt.morph_icd10_o2 not between 9120 and 9373)
and (avt.morph_icd10_o2 not between 9530 and 9582)
and avt.sex=2)
then 'C48OVARY'
when avt.SITE_ICD10_O2_3CHAR in ('C48') then 'C48OTHER'
when avt.SITE ICD10 O2 in ('C751','C752','C753') then 'C75BRAIN'
when avt.SITE ICD10 O2 3CHAR='C75' and avt.SITE ICD10 O2 not in ('C751','C752','C753') then
'C75OTHER'
when avt.SITE ICD10 O2 in ('D391') then 'D39OVARY'
when avt.SITE ICD10 O2_3CHAR='D39' and avt.SITE_ICD10_O2 not in ('D391') then 'D39OTHER'
when avt.SITE_ICD10_O2 in ('D292') then 'D29TESTES'
when avt.SITE_ICD10_O2_3CHAR='D29' and avt.SITE_ICD10_O2 not in ('D292') then 'D29OTHER'
else avt.SITE_ICD10_O2_3CHAR
end AS TUMOUR_CODE,
```

- -- This join flags any tumours diagnosed in 2013-16 that belong to a patient who had another tumour in the 18 months before or after that diagnosis
- --(so that later, patient level datasets (HES, SACT, RTDS) are only used for patients with 1 tumour)
- -- Tumour flag = 1; the tumour belonged to a patient who had another tumour within 18 months

CASE WHEN ABS(AVT.DIAGNOSISDATEBEST-AVT2.DIAGNOSISDATEBEST)<548 THEN 1 ELSE 0 END AS TUMOUR FLAG

- -- In the process of joining AVT2 to AVT to identify multiple tumours, duplicate rows are generated
- -- The difference between diagnosis date for tumours in AVT and AVT2 ranks multiple tumours where more than one exists and drops all but the closest tumour to the original tumour.
- -- Where RK = 1; this is the tumour record to keep

,RANK() OVER (PARTITION BY AVT.TUMOURID ORDER BY ABS(AVT.DIAGNOSISDATEBEST-AVT2.DIAGNOSISDATEBEST) ASC, AVT2.TUMOURID) AS RK FROM AV2017.AT_TUMOUR_ENGLAND@CASREF01 AVT

- -- Multiple tumours join:
- -- For tumours diagnosed from 2013-2016, identify any other tumour IDs that occurred between 2011-2018
- -- A second copy of the tumour cohort (AVT2) is joined to the original tumour cohort of 2013-16 diagnoses (AVT)
- -- Records from AVT2 are only joined if the patient ID is the same but the tumour ID is different

```
LEFT JOIN AV2017.AT TUMOUR ENGLAND@CASREF01 AVT2 ON
AVT.PATIENTID=AVT2.PATIENTID
AND NOT(AVT.TUMOURID=AVT2.TUMOURID)
AND AVT2.CASCADE_INCI_FLAG = 1
AND NOT(AVT2.SITE_ICD10_O2_3CHAR='C44')
AND (SUBSTR(AVT2.SITE_ICD10_O2, 1,1) = 'C'
   OR AVT2.SITE ICD10 O2 in ('D391', 'D292'))
AND AVT2.DIAGNOSISYEAR BETWEEN 2011 AND 2018
-- Define cohort of interest here
WHERE AVT.CASCADE INCI FLAG = 1
AND NOT(AVT.SITE_ICD10_O2_3CHAR='C44')
AND (SUBSTR(AVT.SITE ICD10 O2, 1,1) = 'C'
   OR AVT.SITE_ICD10_O2 in ('D391', 'D292'))
AND AVT.DIAGNOSISYEAR BETWEEN 2013 AND 2016
--Removes duplicate tumour rows that had been added to identify patients with multiple tumours
)WHERE RK=1
);
-- Create table indexes for tumour cohort table
CREATE UNIQUE INDEX ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_TUMCOHORT_TUMOURID_UQ ON
ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR TUMOUR COHORT (TUMOURID) NOLOGGING TABLESPACE
ANALYSISDATA IX;
CREATE INDEX ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR TUMCOHORT PATIENTID IX ON
ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR TUMOUR COHORT (PATIENTID) NOLOGGING TABLESPACE
CREATE INDEX ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR TUMCOHORT NHSNUMBER IX ON
ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR TUMOUR COHORT (NHSNUMBER) NOLOGGING TABLESPACE
ANALYSISDATA IX:
EXECUTE DBMS_STATS.GATHER_TABLE_STATS('ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE',
'TR TUMOUR COHORT')
EXECUTE DBMS_STATS.GATHER_INDEX_STATS('ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE',
'TR_TUMCOHORT_TUMOURID_UQ')
-------CREATE SURGERY FLAG TABLES - ALL SITES-------
--1)----- ALL SITES - SURGERY FROM AT TREATMENT ENGLAND ------
-- Create a surgery flag for the tumour if:
-- there is a record in AT_TREATMENT_ENGLAND which states that the tumour was treated with surgery
(event is '01a', '01b', or '01z')
-- and the OPCS4_CODE is in the tumour resection list
-- and the operation date (OPERTN) occurred in the relevant timeframe (see SOP)
create table
TR_AV_SG
AS(
SELECT distinct
TUMOURID,
CASE WHEN DATEDIFF IS NULL THEN 0 ELSE 1 END AS AVSG_FLAG
, EVENTDATE as avsg date
FROM (
SELECT TUMOURID, DATEDIFF, RK, EVENTDATE
FROM (
SELECT TC.TUMOURID.
```

```
(AVTREAT.EVENTDATE-TC.DIAGNOSISDATEBEST) AS DATEDIFF.
RANK() OVER (PARTITION BY TC.TUMOURID ORDER BY AVTREAT.EVENTDATE,
AVTREAT.EVENTID) AS RK
, AVTREAT.EVENTDATE
FROM TR TUMOUR COHORT TC
INNER JOIN ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TIMEFRAME_LOOKUP_13_16 tim ON
tim.TUMOURICDSITE3CODE = TC.TUMOUR CODE
INNER JOIN AV2017.AT TREATMENT ENGLAND@CASREF01 AVTREAT ON
AVTREAT.TUMOURID=TC.TUMOURID
AND EVENTCODE IN ('01a','01b','01z') AND (AVTREAT.EVENTDATE-TC.DIAGNOSISDATEBEST
BETWEEN -31 AND tim.RESECT_TIME)
INNER JOIN ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.OPCS4RESECTION LOOKUP 13 16 OPCS ON
OPCS.TUMOURICDSITE3CODE = TC.TUMOUR_CODE AND TRIM(OPCS.OPCSRESECTIONCODE)
= AVTREAT.OPCS4_CODE
WHERE RK=1
));
--2)----- ALL SITES - SURGERY FROM HES ------
-- Create a surgery flag for the tumour if:
-- There is an inpatient HES episode with a tumour resection OPCS-4 code in one of the operation fields
-- And the operation date (OPERTN) occurred in the relevant timeframe create table
create table TR HES SG
AS(
SELECT distinct
TUMOURID,
CASE WHEN DATEDIFF IS NULL THEN 0 ELSE 1 END AS HESSG FLAG
OPDATE as hessg date
FROM (
SELECT TUMOURID, DATEDIFF, RK, OPDATE
FROM (
SELECT TC.TUMOURID,
HO.OPDATE-TC.DIAGNOSISDATEBEST AS DATEDIFF,
RANK() OVER (PARTITION BY TC.TUMOURID ORDER BY HO.OPDATE,
HL.DATAYEAR, HL.EPIKEYANON, POS) AS RK
, HO.OPDATE
FROM TR TUMOUR COHORT TC
INNER JOIN ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TIMEFRAME LOOKUP 13 16 tim ON
tim.TUMOURICDSITE3CODE = TC.TUMOUR_CODE
INNER JOIN HESLIVE.HES_LINKAGE_AV_APC@casref01 HL ON TC.PATIENTID = HL.PATIENTID
INNER JOIN HESLIVE.HESAPC_OPERTN@casref01 HO ON HO.DATAYEAR = HL.DATAYEAR AND
HO.EPIKEYANON = HL.EPIKEYANON
AND HO.OPDATE-TC.DIAGNOSISDATEBEST BETWEEN -31 AND tim.RESECT TIME
INNER JOIN HESLIVE.HESAPC@casref01 Ha ON Ha.DATAYEAR = HL.DATAYEAR AND
HA.EPIKEYANON = HL.EPIKEYANON AND replace(HA.NEWNHSNO, ' ', ")=TC.NHSNUMBER
INNER JOIN ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.OPCS4RESECTION LOOKUP 13 16 OPCS ON
OPCS.TUMOURICDSITE3CODE = TC.TUMOUR CODE AND TRIM(OPCS.OPCSRESECTIONCODE)
= HO.OPERTN
WHERE RK=1
));
-----CREATE SURGERY FLAG TABLES - STAGE SPECIFIC RESECTIONS------
--3)------ LIVER C22 - AT TREATMENT ENGLAND ------
```

- -- Create a surgery flag for the tumour if:
- -- there is a record in AT_TREATMENT_ENGLAND which states that the tumour was treated with surgery (event is '01a', '01b', or '01z')
- -- and the OPCS4_CODE is a percutaneous radiofrequency and microwave ablation of lesion of liver (see SOP Appendices for list of OPCS4 codes)
- -- and the operation date (OPERTN) occurred in the relevant timeframe (see SOP)
- -- and the tumour is TNM stage 1 (a stage-specific tumour resection flag will incorporate this stage criteria in the final table)

create table

TR_AV_LIVER as (

SELECT distinct

TUMOURID,

CASE WHEN DATEDIFF IS NULL THEN 0 ELSE 1 END AS LIVER_AVTREAT

, EVENTDATE as avsg date

FROM (

SELECT TUMOURID, DATEDIFF, RK, EVENTDATE

FROM (

SELECT TC.TUMOURID.

AVTREAT.EVENTDATE-TC.DIAGNOSISDATEBEST AS DATEDIFF,

RANK() OVER (PARTITION BY TC.TUMOURID ORDER BY AVTREAT.EVENTDATE,

AVTREAT.EVENTID) AS RK, AVTREAT.EVENTDATE

FROM TR_TUMOUR_COHORT TC

INNER JOIN ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TIMEFRAME LOOKUP 13 16 tim ON

tim.TUMOURICDSITE3CODE = TC.TUMOUR CODE

INNER JOIN AV2017.AT_TREATMENT_ENGLAND@CASREF01 AVTREAT ON

AVTREAT.TUMOURID=TC.TUMOURID

AND EVENTCODE IN ('01a','01b','01z') AND (AVTREAT.EVENTDATE-TC.DIAGNOSISDATEBEST

BETWEEN -31 AND tim.RESECT_TIME)

AND AVTREAT.OPCS4_CODE IN ('J124','J127') AND TC.TUMOUR_CODE in ('C22'))

WHERE RK=1));

--4)----- LIVER C22 - HES ------

- -- Create a surgery flag for the tumour if:
- -- There is an inpatient HES episode with a tumour resection OPCS-4 code in one of the operation fields
- -- and the OPCS4_CODE is a percutaneous radiofrequency and microwave ablation of lesion of liver (see SOP Appendices for list of OPCS4 codes)
- -- and the operation date (OPERTN) occurred in the relevant timeframe (see SOP)
- -- and the tumour is TNM stage 1 (a stage-specific tumour resection flag will incorporate this stage criteria in the final table)
- -- and the patient only had one tumour in the time period of interest (this is also incorporated in the final table)

create table

TR_HES_LIVER

AS(

SELECT distinct

TUMOURID.

CASE WHEN DATEDIFF IS NULL THEN 0 ELSE 1 END AS LIVER_HES

, OPDATE as hessg_date

FROM (

SELECT TUMOURID, DATEDIFF, RK, OPDATE FROM (

SELECT TC.TUMOURID,

HO.OPDATE-TC.DIAGNOSISDATEBEST AS DATEDIFF,

RANK() OVER (PARTITION BY TC.TUMOURID ORDER BY HO.OPDATE,

HL.DATAYEAR, HL.EPIKEYANON, POS) AS RK

. HO.OPDATE

FROM TR TUMOUR COHORT TC

INNER JOIN ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TIMEFRAME_LOOKUP_13_16 tim ON tim.TUMOURICDSITE3CODE = TC.TUMOUR_CODE

INNER JOIN HESLIVE.HES_LINKAGE_AV_APC@casref01 HL ON TC.PATIENTID = HL.PATIENTID INNER JOIN HESLIVE.HESAPC@casref01 Ha ON Ha.DATAYEAR = HL.DATAYEAR AND HA.EPIKEYANON = HL.EPIKEYANON AND replace(HA.NEWNHSNO, ' ', ")=TC.NHSNUMBER INNER JOIN HESLIVE.HESAPC_OPERTN@casref01 HO ON HO.DATAYEAR = HL.DATAYEAR AND HO.EPIKEYANON = HL.EPIKEYANON

AND HO.OPDATE-TC.DIAGNOSISDATEBEST BETWEEN -31 AND tim.RESECT_TIME AND HO.OPERTN IN ('J124','J127') AND TC.TUMOUR_CODE in ('C22')) WHERE RK=1));

.....

--5)------ OESOPHAGUS C15 - AT_TREATMENT_ENGLAND ------

- -- Create a surgery flag for the tumour if:
- -- there is a record in AT_TREATMENT_ENGLAND which states that the tumour was treated with surgery (event is '01a', '01b', or '01z')
- -- and the OPCS4_CODE is a fibreoptic endoscopic resection of lesions of upper gastrointestinal tract and oesophagus (see SOP Appendices for list of OPCS4 codes)
- -- and the operation date (OPERTN) occurred in the relevant timeframe (see SOP)
- -- and the tumour is TNM stage 1a (a stage-specific tumour resection flag will incorporate this stage criteria in the final table)

create table

TR_AV_OESOPH

AS(

SELECT distinct

TUMOURID.

CASE WHEN DATEDIFF IS NULL THEN 0 ELSE 1 END AS OESOPH_AVTREAT

, EVENTDATE as avsg_date

FROM (

SELECT TUMOURID, DATEDIFF, RK, EVENTDATE

FROM (

SELECT TC.TUMOURID,

AVTREAT.EVENTDATE-TC.DIAGNOSISDATEBEST AS DATEDIFF,

RANK() OVER (PARTITION BY TC.TUMOURID ORDER BY AVTREAT.EVENTDATE.

AVTREAT.EVENTID) AS RK, AVTREAT.EVENTDATE

FROM TR TUMOUR COHORT TC

INNER JOIN ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TIMEFRAME_LOOKUP_13_16 tim ON

tim.TUMOURICDSITE3CODE = TC.TUMOUR_CODE

INNER JOIN AV2017.AT_TREATMENT_ENGLAND@CASREF01 AVTREAT ON

AVTREAT.TUMOURID=TC.TUMOURID

AND EVENTCODE IN ('01a','01b','01z') AND (AVTREAT.EVENTDATE-TC.DIAGNOSISDATEBEST BETWEEN -31 AND tim.RESECT_TIME)

AND AVTREAT.OPCS4_CODE IN ('G421','G431','G146','G171','G438') AND TC.TUMOUR_CODE in ('C15'))

WHERE RK=1));

- --6)----- OESOPHAGUS C15 HES -----
- -- Create a surgery flag for the tumour if:
- -- There is an inpatient HES episode with a tumour resection OPCS-4 code in one of the operation fields
- -- and the OPCS4_CODE is a fibreoptic endoscopic resection of lesions of upper gastrointestinal tract and oesophagus (see SOP Appendices for list of OPCS4 codes)
- -- and the operation date (OPERTN) occurred in the relevant timeframe (see SOP)
- -- and the tumour is TNM stage 1a (a stage-specific tumour resection flag will incorporate this stage criteria in the final table)

-- and the patient only had one tumour in the time period of interest (this is also incorporated in the final table)

create table

TR HES OESOPH

AS(

SELECT distinct

TUMOURID,

CASE WHEN DATEDIFF IS NULL THEN 0 ELSE 1 END AS OESOPH HES

OPDATE as hessg_date

FROM (

SELECT TUMOURID, DATEDIFF, RK, OPDATE FROM (

SELECT TC.TUMOURID,

HO.OPDATE-TC.DIAGNOSISDATEBEST AS DATEDIFF,

RANK() OVER (PARTITION BY TC.TUMOURID ORDER BY HO.OPDATE,

HL.DATAYEAR, HL. EPIKEYANON, POS) AS RK

, HO.OPDATE

WHERE RK=1));

FROM TR TUMOUR COHORT TC

INNER JOIN ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TIMEFRAME LOOKUP 13 16 tim ON

tim.TUMOURICDSITE3CODE = TC.TUMOUR_CODE

INNER JOIN HESLIVE.HES_LINKAGE_AV_APC@casref01 HL ON TC.PATIENTID = HL.PATIENTID

INNER JOIN HESLIVE.HESAPC@casref01 Ha ON Ha.DATAYEAR = HL.DATAYEAR AND

HA.EPIKEYANON = HL.EPIKEYANON AND replace(HA.NEWNHSNO, '', ")=TC.NHSNUMBER

INNER JOIN HESLIVE.HESAPC_OPERTN@casref01 HO ON HO.DATAYEAR = HL.DATAYEAR AND HO.EPIKEYANON = HL.EPIKEYANON

AND HO.OPDATE-TC.DIAGNOSISDATEBEST BETWEEN -31 AND tim.RESECT_TIME AND HO.OPERTN IN ('G421','G431','G146','G171','G438') AND TC.TUMOUR_CODE in ('C15'))

--7)----- STOMACH C16 - AT TREATMENT ENGLAND ------

-- Create a surgery flag for the tumour if:

- -- there is a record in AT_TREATMENT_ENGLAND which states that the tumour was treated with surgery (event is '01a', '01b', or '01z')
- -- and the OPCS4_CODE is a fibreoptic endoscopic resection of lesions of upper gastrointestinal tract and oesophagus (see SOP Appendices for list of OPCS4 codes)
- -- and the operation date (OPERTN) occurred in the relevant timeframe (see SOP)
- -- and the tumour is TNM stage 1a (a stage-specific tumour resection flag will incorporate this stage criteria in the final table)

create table

TR_AV_STOMACH

AS(

SELECT distinct

TUMOURID.

CASE WHEN DATEDIFF IS NULL THEN 0 ELSE 1 END AS STOMACH_AVTREAT

, EVENTDATE as avsg date

FROM (

SELECT TUMOURID, DATEDIFF, RK, EVENTDATE

FROM (

SELECT TC.TUMOURID,

AVTREAT.EVENTDATE-TC.DIAGNOSISDATEBEST AS DATEDIFF,

RANK() OVER (PARTITION BY TC.TUMOURID ORDER BY AVTREAT.EVENTDATE,

AVTRÉAT.EVENTID) AS RK, AVTREAT.EVENTDATE

FROM TR TUMOUR COHORT TC

INNER JOIN ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TIMEFRAME_LOOKUP_13_16 tim ON

tim.TUMOURICDSITE3CODE = TC.TUMOUR CODE

INNER JOIN AV2017.AT TREATMENT ENGLAND@CASREF01 AVTREAT ON AVTREAT.TUMOURID=TC.TUMOURID

AND EVENTCODE IN ('01a','01b','01z') AND (AVTREAT.EVENTDATE-TC.DIAGNOSISDATEBEST BETWEEN -31 AND tim.RESECT TIME)

AND AVTREAT.OPCS4_CODE IN ('G421', 'G146', 'G449') AND TC.TUMOUR_CODE in ('C16')) WHERE RK=1));

- --8)----- STOMACH C16 HES -----
- -- Create a surgery flag for the tumour if:
- -- There is an inpatient HES episode with a tumour resection OPCS-4 code in one of the operation fields
- -- and the OPCS4 CODE is a fibreoptic endoscopic resection of lesions of upper gastrointestinal tract and oesophagus (see SOP Appendices for list of OPCS4 codes)
- -- and the operation date (OPERTN) occurred in the relevant timeframe (see SOP)
- -- and the tumour is TNM stage 1a (a stage-specific tumour resection flag will incorporate this stage criteria in the final table)
- -- and the patient only had one tumour in the time period of interest (this is also incorporated in the final table)

create table

TR_HES_STOMACH

AS(

SELECT distinct

TUMOURID.

CASE WHEN DATEDIFF IS NULL THEN 0 ELSE 1 END AS STOMACH HES

OPDATE as hessg date

SELECT TUMOURID, DATEDIFF, RK, OPDATE FROM (

SELECT TC.TUMOURID,

HO.OPDATE-TC.DIAGNOSISDATEBEST AS DATEDIFF,

RANK() OVER (PARTITION BY TC.TUMOURID ORDER BY HO.OPDATE,

HL.DATAYEAR, HL. EPIKEYANON, POS) AS RK

, HO.OPDATE

FROM TR_TUMOUR_COHORT TC

INNER JOIN ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TIMEFRAME LOOKUP 13 16 tim ON

tim.TUMOURICDSITE3CODE = TC.TUMOUR CODE

INNER JOIN HESLIVE.HES_LINKAGE_AV_APC@casref01 HL ON TC.PATIENTID = HL.PATIENTID

INNER JOIN HESLIVE.HESAPC@casref01 Ha ON Ha.DATAYEAR = HL.DATAYEAR AND

HA.EPIKEYANON = HL.EPIKEYANON AND replace(HA.NEWNHSNO, ' ', ")=TC.NHSNUMBER

INNER JOIN HESLIVE.HESAPC_OPERTN@casref01 HO ON HO.DATAYEAR = HL.DATAYEAR AND HO.EPIKEYANON = HL.EPIKEYANON

AND HO.OPDATE-TC.DIAGNOSISDATEBEST BETWEEN -31 AND tim.RESECT TIME

AND HO.OPERTN IN ('G421', 'G146', 'G449') AND TC.TUMOUR CODE in ('C16')) WHERE RK=1));

--9)------ BLADDER CANCERS (C67) - AT_TREATMENT_ENGLAND------

- -- Create a surgery flag for the tumour if:
- -- there is a record in AT_TREATMENT_ENGLAND which states that the tumour was treated with surgery (event is '01a', '01b', or '01z')
- -- and the OPCS4_CODE is a endoscopic resections of lesion of bladder (TURBT) (see SOP Appendices for list of OPCS4 codes)
- -- and the operation date (OPERTN) occurred in the relevant timeframe (see SOP)
- -- and the tumour is T1 (non-muscle invasive) (a stage-specific tumour resection flag will incorporate this stage criteria in the final table)

create table

TR AV BLADDER

AS(

SELECT distinct

TUMOURID.

CASE WHEN DATEDIFF IS NULL THEN 0 ELSE 1 END AS BLADDER1 AVTREAT

, EVENTDATE as avsg_date

FROM (

SELECT TUMOURID, DATEDIFF, RK, EVENTDATE

FROM (

SELECT TC.TUMOURID,

AVTREAT.EVENTDATE-TC.DIAGNOSISDATEBEST AS DATEDIFF,

RANK() OVER (PARTITION BY TC.TUMOURID ORDER BY AVTREAT.EVENTDATE,

AVTREAT.EVENTID) AS RK, AVTREAT.EVENTDATE

FROM TR_TUMOUR_COHORT TC

INNER JOIN ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TIMEFRAME LOOKUP 13 16 tim ON

tim.TUMOURICDSITE3CODE = TC.TUMOUR_CODE

INNER JOIN AV2017.AT_TREATMENT_ENGLAND@CASREF01 AVTREAT ON

AVTREAT.TUMOURID=TC.TUMOURID

AND EVENTCODE IN ('01a','01b','01z') AND (AVTREAT.EVENTDATE-TC.DIAGNOSISDATEBEST

BETWEEN -31 AND tim.RESECT_TIME)

AND AVTREAT.OPCS4_CODE IN ('M421') AND TC.TUMOUR CODE in ('C67'))

WHERE RK=1));

--10)----- BLADDER CANCERS (C67) - HES -----

- -- Create a surgery flag for the tumour if:
- -- There is an inpatient HES episode with a tumour resection OPCS-4 code in one of the operation fields
- -- and the OPCS4_CODE is an endoscopic resections of lesion of bladder (TURBT) (see SOP Appendices for list of OPCS4 codes)
- -- and the operation date (OPERTN) occurred in the relevant timeframe (see SOP)
- -- and the tumour is T1 (non-muscle invasive) (a stage-specific tumour resection flag will incorporate this stage criteria in the final table)
- -- and the patient only had one tumour in the time period of interest (this is also incorporated in the final table)

create table

TR HES BLADDER

AS(

SELECT distinct

TUMOURID,

CASE WHEN DATEDIFF IS NULL THEN 0 ELSE 1 END AS BLADDER1 HES

, OPDATE as hessg_date

FROM (

SELECT TUMOURID, DATEDIFF, RK, OPDATE FROM (

SELECT TC.TUMOURID,

HO.OPDATE-TC.DIAGNOSISDATEBEST AS DATEDIFF,

RANK() OVER (PARTITION BY TC.TUMOURID ORDER BY HO.OPDATE,

HL.DATAYEAR, HL.EPIKEYANON, POS) AS RK

, HO.OPDATE

FROM TR TUMOUR COHORT TC

INNER JOIN ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TIMEFRAME_LOOKUP_13_16 tim ON

tim.TUMOURICDSITE3CODE = TC.TUMOUR_CODE

INNER JOIN HESLIVE.HES_LINKAGE_AV_APC@casref01 HL ON TC.PATIENTID = HL.PATIENTID

INNER JOIN HESLIVE.HESAPC@casref01 Ha ON Ha.DATAYEAR = HL.DATAYEAR AND

HA.EPIKEYANON = HL.EPIKEYANON AND replace(HA.NEWNHSNO, '', ")=TC.NHSNUMBER

INNER JOIN HESLIVE.HESAPC_OPERTN@casref01 HO ON HO.DATAYEAR = HL.DATAYEAR AND HO.EPIKEYANON = HL.EPIKEYANON

AND HO.OPDATE-TC.DIAGNOSISDATEBEST BETWEEN -31 AND tim.RESECT_TIME

AND HO.OPERTN IN ('M421') AND TC.TUMOUR CODE in ('C67'))

WHERE RK=1)):

--11)------ CERVICAL CANCERS; CONE BIOPSIES - AT_TREATMENT_ENGLAND -------

- --The final treatment table will create a surgery flag for the tumour if:
- --The tumour received a cone biopsy and was FIGO stage 1a (see SOP Appendices for list of OPCS4 codes)
- --Or the tumour received a cone biopsy and was FIGO stage 1b & 1b1 disease, if the tumour also received a lymphadenectomy
- --Tables 11-14 flag the cone biopsies and lymphadenectomies, and a cervical tumour resection flag will bring this together in the final table
- -- Create a cone biopsy flag for the tumour if:
- -- there is a record in AT_TREATMENT_ENGLAND which states that the tumour was treated with surgery (event is '01a', '01b', or '01z')
- -- and the OPCS4 CODE is a cone biopsy
- -- and the operation date (OPERTN) occurred in the relevant timeframe (see SOP)

create table

TR_AV_CONEBIOPS

AS(

SELECT distinct

TUMOURID.

CASE WHEN DATEDIFF IS NULL THEN 0 ELSE 1 END AS CONEBIOPS AVTREAT

, EVENTDATE as avsg_date

FROM (

SELECT TUMOURID, DATEDIFF, RK, EVENTDATE

FROM (

SELECT TC.TUMOURID,

AVTREAT.EVENTDATE-TC.DIAGNOSISDATEBEST AS DATEDIFF,

RANK() OVER (PARTITION BY TC.TUMOURID ORDER BY AVTREAT.EVENTDATE,

AVTREAT.EVENTID) AS RK, AVTREAT.EVENTDATE

FROM TR_TUMOUR_COHORT TC

INNER JOIN ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TIMEFRAME_LOOKUP_13_16 tim ON

tim.TUMOURICDSITE3CODE = TC.TUMOUR_CODE

INNER JOIN AV2017.AT_TREATMENT_ENGLAND@CASREF01 AVTREAT ON

AVTREAT.TUMOURID=TC.TUMOURID

AND EVENTCODE IN ('01a','01b','01z') AND (AVTREAT.EVENTDATE-TC.DIAGNOSISDATEBEST BETWEEN -31 AND tim.RESECT_TIME)

AND AVTREAT.OPCS4_CODE IN ('Q014','Q033','Q031','Q032') AND TC.TUMOUR_CODE='C53') WHERE RK=1));

- --12)------ CERVICAL CANCERS; CONE BIOPSIES HES ------
- -- Create a cone biopsy flag for the tumour if:
- -- There is an inpatient HES episode with a tumour resection OPCS-4 code in one of the operation fields
- -- and the OPCS4 CODE is a cone biopsy (see SOP Appendices for list of OPCS4 codes)
- -- and the operation date (OPERTN) occurred in the relevant timeframe (see SOP)
- -- and the patient only had one tumour in the time period of interest (this is incorporated in the final table)

create table

TR_HES_CONEBIOPS

AS(

SELECT distinct

TUMOURID.

CASE WHEN DATEDIFF IS NULL THEN 0 ELSE 1 END AS CONEBIOPS_HES

. OPDATE as hesse date

CAS-SOP #4: Linking treatment tables FROM (SELECT TUMOURID, DATEDIFF, RK, OPDATE FROM (SELECT TC.TUMOURID, HO.OPDATE-TC.DIAGNOSISDATEBEST AS DATEDIFF, RANK() OVER (PARTITION BY TC.TUMOURID ORDER BY HO.OPDATE, HL.DATAYEAR, HL.EPIKEYANON, POS) AS RK , HO.OPDATE FROM TR TUMOUR COHORT TC INNER JOIN ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TIMEFRAME LOOKUP 13 16 tim ON tim.TUMOURICDSITE3CODE = TC.TUMOUR CODE INNER JOIN HESLIVE.HES_LINKAGE_AV_APC@casref01 HL ON TC.PATIENTID = HL.PATIENTID INNER JOIN HESLIVE.HESAPC@casref01 Ha ON Ha.DATAYEAR = HL.DATAYEAR AND HA.EPIKEYANON = HL.EPIKEYANON AND replace(HA.NEWNHSNO, ' ', ")=TC.NHSNUMBER INNER JOIN HESLIVE.HESAPC_OPERTN@casref01 HO ON HO.DATAYEAR = HL.DATAYEAR AND HO.EPIKEYANON = HL.EPIKEYANON AND HO.OPDATE-TC.DIAGNOSISDATEBEST BETWEEN -31 AND tim.RESECT TIME AND HO.OPERTN IN ('Q014','Q033','Q031','Q032') AND TC.TUMOUR_CODE='C53') WHERE RK=1)); --13)------ CERVICAL CANCERS: LYMPHADENECTOMIES - AT TREATMENT ENGLAND -------- Create a lymphadenectomy flag for the tumour if: -- there is a record in AT TREATMENT ENGLAND which states that the tumour was treated with surgery (event is '01a', '01b', or '01z') -- and the OPCS4 CODE is a lymphadenectomy (see SOP Appendices for list of OPCS4 codes) -- and the operation date (OPERTN) occurred in the relevant timeframe (see SOP) create table TR_AV_LYMPH AS(

SELECT distinct

TUMOURID,

CASE WHEN DATEDIFF IS NULL THEN 0 ELSE 1 END AS LYMPH_AVTREAT

, EVENTDATE as avsg date

FROM (

SELECT TUMOURID, DATEDIFF, RK, EVENTDATE

FROM (

SELECT TC.TUMOURID.

AVTREAT.EVENTDATE-TC.DIAGNOSISDATEBEST AS DATEDIFF,

RANK() OVER (PARTITION BY TC.TUMOURID ORDER BY AVTREAT.EVENTDATE,

AVTREAT.EVENTID) AS RK, AVTREAT.EVENTDATE

FROM TR TUMOUR COHORT TC

INNER JOIN ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TIMEFRAME_LOOKUP_13_16 tim ON

tim.TUMOURICDSITE3CODE = TC.TUMOUR_CODE

INNER JOIN AV2017.AT_TREATMENT_ENGLAND@CASREF01 AVTREAT ON

AVTREAT.TUMOURID=TC.TUMOURID

AND EVENTCODE IN ('01a','01b','01z') AND (AVTREAT.EVENTDATE-TC.DIAGNOSISDATEBEST

BETWEEN -31 AND tim.RESECT TIME)

AND AVTREAT.OPCS4_CODE IN ('T856','T859','T865') AND TC.TUMOUR_CODE='C53')

WHERE RK=1));

--14)----- CERVICAL CANCERS; LYMPHADENECTOMIES - HES ------

- -- Create a lymphadenectomy flag for the tumour if:
- -- There is an inpatient HES episode with a tumour resection OPCS-4 code in one of the operation fields
- -- and the OPCS4_CODE is a lymphadenectomy (see SOP Appendices for list of OPCS4 codes)
- -- and the operation date (OPERTN) occurred in the relevant timeframe (see SOP)

-- and the patient only had one tumour in the time period of interest (this is incorporated in the final table)

create table

TR HES LYMPH

AS(

SELECT distinct

TUMOURID.

CASE WHEN DATEDIFF IS NULL THEN 0 ELSE 1 END AS LYMPH HES

OPDATE as hessg_date

FROM (

SELECT TUMOURID, DATEDIFF, RK, OPDATE FROM (

SELECT TC.TUMOURID,

HO.OPDATE-TC.DIAGNOSISDATEBEST AS DATEDIFF,

RANK() OVER (PARTITION BY TC.TUMOURID ORDER BY HO.OPDATE,

HL.DATAYEAR, HL. EPIKEYANON, POS) AS RK

, HO.OPDATE

FROM TR_TUMOUR_COHORT TC

INNER JOIN ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TIMEFRAME LOOKUP 13 16 tim ON

tim.TUMOURICDSITE3CODE = TC.TUMOUR_CODE

INNER JOIN HESLIVE.HES_LINKAGE_AV_APC@casref01 HL ON TC.PATIENTID = HL.PATIENTID

INNER JOIN HESLIVE.HESAPC@casref01 Ha ON Ha.DATAYEAR = HL.DATAYEAR AND

HA.EPIKEYANON = HL.EPIKEYANON AND replace(HA.NEWNHSNO, ' ', ")=TC.NHSNUMBER

INNER JOIN HESLIVE.HESAPC_OPERTN@casref01 HO ON HO.DATAYEAR = HL.DATAYEAR AND HO.EPIKEYANON = HL.EPIKEYANON

AND HO.OPDATE-TC.DIAGNOSISDATEBEST BETWEEN -31 AND tim.RESECT_TIME

AND HO.OPERTN IN ('T856', 'T859', 'T865') AND TC.TUMOUR_CODE='C53')

WHERE RK=1));

.....

--15)----- COLORECTAL CANCERS; ENDOSCOPIES - AT_TREATMENT_ENGLAND------

- -- Create a surgery flag for the tumour if:
- -- there is a record in AT_TREATMENT_ENGLAND which states that the tumour was treated with surgery (event is '01a', '01b', or '01z')
- -- and the OPCS4_CODE is an endoscopic resection or endoscopic biopsy procedure (see SOP Appendices for list of OPCS4 codes)
- -- and the operation date (OPERTN) occurred in the relevant timeframe (see SOP)
- -- and the tumour is TNM stage 1 (a stage-specific tumour resection flag will incorporate this stage criteria in the final table)

create table

TR AV COLOREC

AS(

SELECT distinct

TUMOURID,

CASE WHEN DATEDIFF IS NULL THEN 0 ELSE 1 END AS COLOREC_AVTREAT

, EVENTDATE as avsg_date

FROM (

SELECT TUMOURID, DATEDIFF, RK, EVENTDATE

FROM (

SELECT TC.TUMOURID,

AVTREAT.EVENTDATE-TC.DIAGNOSISDATEBEST AS DATEDIFF,

RANK() OVER (PARTITION BY TC.TUMOURID ORDER BY AVTREAT.EVENTDATE,

AVTREAT.EVENTID) AS RK, AVTREAT.EVENTDATE

FROM TR_TUMOUR_COHORT TC

INNER JOIN ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TIMEFRAME_LOOKUP_13_16 tim ON

tim.TUMOURICDSITE3CODE = TC.TUMOUR_CODE

INNER JOIN AV2017.AT_TREATMENT_ENGLAND@CASREF01 AVTREAT ON AVTREAT.TUMOURID=TC.TUMOURID

AND EVENTCODE IN ('01a','01b','01z') AND (AVTREAT.EVENTDATE-TC.DIAGNOSISDATEBEST BETWEEN -31 AND tim.RESECT_TIME)

AND AVTREAT.OPCS4 CODE IN

('H201','H412','H206','H231','H236','H205','H202','H122','H235','H239','H402','H232','H261','H208','H341','H418',

'H209','H248','H238','H204','H419','H221','H251','H259','H229','H181','H281','H191','H561')

AND TC.TUMOUR_CODE in ('C18', 'C19', 'C20'))

WHERE RK=1));

- --16)----- COLORECTAL CANCERS; ENDOSCOPIES HES ------
- -- Create a surgery flag for the tumour if:
- -- There is an inpatient HES episode with a tumour resection OPCS-4 code in one of the operation fields
- -- and the OPCS4_CODE is an endoscopic resection or endoscopic biopsy procedure (see SOP Appendices for list of OPCS4 codes)
- -- and the operation date (OPERTN) occurred in the relevant timeframe (see SOP)
- -- and the tumour is TNM stage 1 (a stage-specific tumour resection flag will incorporate this stage criteria in the final table)
- -- and the patient only had one tumour in the time period of interest (this is also incorporated in the final table)

create table

TR_HES_COLOREC

AS(

SELECT distinct

TUMOURID,

CASE WHEN DATEDIFF IS NULL THEN 0 ELSE 1 END AS COLOREC HES

, OPDATE as hessg_date

FROM (

SELECT TUMOURID, DATEDIFF, RK, OPDATE FROM (

SELECT TC.TUMOURID,

HO.OPDATE-TC.DIAGNOSISDATEBEST AS DATEDIFF,

RANK() OVER (PARTITION BY TC.TUMOURID ORDER BY HO.OPDATE,

HL.DATAYEAR, HL. EPIKEYANON, POS) AS RK

, HO.OPDATE

FROM TR_TUMOUR_COHORT TC

INNER JOIN ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TIMEFRAME LOOKUP 13 16 tim ON

tim.TUMOURICDSITE3CODE = TC.TUMOUR_CODE

INNER JOIN HESLIVE.HES_LINKAGE_AV_APC@casref01 HL ON TC.PATIENTID = HL.PATIENTID

INNER JOIN HESLIVE.HESAPC@casref01 Ha ON Ha.DATAYEAR = HL.DATAYEAR AND

HA.EPIKEYANON = HL.EPIKEYANON AND replace(HA.NEWNHSNO, ' ', ")=TC.NHSNUMBER

INNER JOIN HESLIVE.HESAPC_OPERTN@casref01 HO ON HO.DATAYEAR = HL.DATAYEAR AND HO.EPIKEYANON = HL.EPIKEYANON

AND HO.OPDATE-TC.DIAGNOSISDATEBEST BETWEEN -31 AND tim.RESECT_TIME AND HO.OPERTN IN

('H201','H412','H206','H231','H236','H205','H202','H122','H235','H239','H402','H232', 'H261','H208','H341', 'H418','H209','H248','H238','H204','H419','H221','H251','H259','H229','H181','H281','H191','H561')
AND TC.TUMOUR_CODE in ('C18', 'C19', 'C20'))

WHERE RK=1));

- --17)------ COLORECTAL CANCERS; APPENDECTOMIES FOR APPENDIX TUMOURS ONLY C18.1 AT_TREATMENT_ENGLAND -------
- -- Create a surgery flag for the tumour if:
- -- there is a record in AT_TREATMENT_ENGLAND which states that the tumour was treated with surgery (event is '01a', '01b', or '01z')

- -- and the OPCS4 CODE is an appendectomy procedure (see SOP Appendices for list of OPCS4 codes)
- -- and the operation date (OPERTN) occurred in the relevant timeframe (see SOP)
- -- and the tumour is an appendix tumour (C18.1)

create table

TR_AV_COLOAPPEN as

(SELECT distinct

TUMOURID,

CASE WHEN DATEDIFF IS NULL THEN 0 ELSE 1 END AS COLOREC_AVTREAT_appen

, EVENTDATE as avsg_date

FROM (

SELECT TUMOURID, DATEDIFF, RK, EVENTDATE

FROM (

SELECT TC.TUMOURID,

AVTREAT.EVENTDATE-TC.DIAGNOSISDATEBEST AS DATEDIFF,

RANK() OVER (PARTITION BY TC.TUMOURID ORDER BY AVTREAT.EVENTDATE,

AVTREAT.EVENTID) AS RK, AVTREAT.EVENTDATE

FROM TR TUMOUR COHORT TC

INNER JOIN ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TIMEFRAME LOOKUP 13 16 tim ON

tim.TUMOURICDSITE3CODE = TC.TUMOUR_CODE

INNER JOIN AV2017.AT_TREATMENT_ENGLAND@CASREF01 AVTREAT ON

AVTREAT.TUMOURID=TC.TUMOURID

AND EVENTCODE IN ('01a','01b','01z') AND (AVTREAT.EVENTDATE-TC.DIAGNOSISDATEBEST

BETWEEN -31 AND tim.RESECT_TIME)

AND AVTREAT.OPCS4_CODE IN ('H024','H019','H011') AND TC.SITE_ICD10_O2 in ('C181'))

WHERE RK=1));

--18)------ COLORECTAL CANCERS; APPENDECTOMIES FOR APPENDIX TUMOURS ONLY C18.1 - HES -------

- -- Create a surgery flag for the tumour if:
- -- There is an inpatient HES episode with a tumour resection OPCS-4 code in one of the operation fields
- -- and the OPCS4_CODE is an appendectomy procedure (see SOP Appendices for list of OPCS4 codes)
- -- and the operation date (OPERTN) occurred in the relevant timeframe (see SOP)
- -- and the tumour is an appendix tumour (C18.1)
- -- and the patient only had one tumour in the time period of interest (this is also incorporated in the final table)

create table

TR_HES_COLOAPPEN as (

SELECT distinct

TUMOURID,

CASE WHEN DATEDIFF IS NULL THEN 0 ELSE 1 END AS COLOREC HES appen

, OPDATE as hessg_date

FROM (

SELECT TUMOURID, DATEDIFF, RK, OPDATE FROM (

SELECT TC.TUMOURID,

HO.OPDATE-TC.DIAGNOSISDATEBEST AS DATEDIFF,

RANK() OVER (PARTITION BY TC.TUMOURID ORDER BY HO.OPDATE.

HL.DATAYEAR, HL. EPIKEYANON, POS) AS RK

, HO.OPDATE

FROM TR_TUMOUR_COHORT TC

INNER JOIN ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TIMEFRAME_LOOKUP_13_16 tim ON

tim.TUMOURICDSITE3CODE = TC.TUMOUR_CODE

INNER JOIN HESLIVE.HES_LINKAGE_AV_APC@casref01 HL ON TC.PATIENTID = HL.PATIENTID

INNER JOIN HESLIVE.HESAPC@casref01 Ha ON Ha.DATAYEAR = HL.DATAYEAR AND

HA.EPIKEYANON = HL.EPIKEYANON AND replace(HA.NEWNHSNO, '', ")=TC.NHSNUMBER

INNER JOIN HESLIVE.HESAPC_OPERTN@casref01 HO ON HO.DATAYEAR = HL.DATAYEAR AND HO.EPIKEYANON = HL.EPIKEYANON

AND HO.OPDATE-TC.DIAGNOSISDATEBEST BETWEEN -31 AND tim.RESECT TIME AND HO.OPERTN IN ('H024','H019','H011') AND TC.SITE_ICD10_O2 in ('C181')) WHERE RK=1)): ------ CREATE CHEMO FLAG TABLES ---------19)----- ALL SITES - AVCT TABLE ------- Create a chemo flag for the tumour if: -- There is a record in AT_TREATMENT_ENGLAND which states that the tumour was treated with chemotherapy (event is either 'Cytotoxic Chemotherapy' (code = 02) or 'CT - Other' (code = CTX) or 'chemoradiotherapy' (code = 04) or 'radioisotope therapy (including radioiodine)' (code = 19) or 'Immunotherapy' (code = 15)) -- And the event date (EVENTDATE) occurred in the relevant timeframe (see SOP) create table TR_AV_CT AS(SELECT distinct TUMOURID. CASE WHEN DATEDIFF IS NULL THEN 0 ELSE 1 END AS AVCT FLAG , EVENTDATE as avct date SELECT TUMOURID, DATEDIFF, RK, EVENTDATE FROM (SELECT TC.TUMOURID, AVTREAT.EVENTDATE-TC.DIAGNOSISDATEBEST AS DATEDIFF, RANK() OVER (PARTITION BY TC.TUMOURID ORDER BY AVTREAT.EVENTDATE, AVTREAT.EVENTID) AS RK , AVTREAT.EVENTDATE FROM TR_TUMOUR_COHORT TC INNER JOIN ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TIMEFRAME_LOOKUP_13_16 tim ON tim.TUMOURICDSITE3CODE = TC.TUMOUR_CODE INNER JOIN AV2017.AT_TREATMENT_ENGLAND@CASREF01 AVTREAT ON AVTREAT.TUMOURID=TC.TUMOURID AND EVENTCODE IN ('02','04','15','19','CTX') AND (AVTREAT.EVENTDATE-TC.DIAGNOSISDATEBEST BETWEEN -31 AND tim.CHEMO TIME) WHERE RK=1)); --20)------ALL SITES - SACT -------- Create a chemo flag for the tumour if: -- there is a record in SACT (excluding those null or classified as 'Hormones' or 'Not chemo' or 'Zoledronic acid' or 'Pamidronate' or 'Denosumab') -- and the start date of the regimen (START DATE OF REGIMEN) occurred in the relevant timeframe -- and the patient only had one tumour in the time period of interest (this is also incorporated in the final table) create table TR_SACT AS (SELECT distinct TUMOURID, CASE WHEN DATEDIFF IS NULL THEN 0 ELSE 1 END AS SACT_FLAG , START DATE OF REGIMEN as sact date FROM (SELECT TUMOURID, DATEDIFF, RK, START DATE OF REGIMEN FROM (SELECT TC.TUMOURID, SR.START DATE OF REGIMEN-TC.DIAGNOSISDATEBEST AS DATEDIFF, RANK() OVER (PARTITION BY TC.TUMOURID ORDER BY SR.START DATE OF REGIMEN, SR.MERGED REGIMEN ID, ST.MERGED TUMOUR ID) AS RK

RTTREATMENTMODALITY='06')

```
SR.START DATE OF REGIMEN
FROM TR TUMOUR COHORT TC
INNER JOIN ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TIMEFRAME LOOKUP 13 16 tim ON
tim.TUMOURICDSITE3CODE = TC.TUMOUR CODE
INNER JOIN SACT_LEGACY.PATIENT@CASREF01 SP ON TC.NHSNUMBER=SP.NHS_NUMBER
INNER JOIN SACT_LEGACY.TUMOUR@CASREF01 ST ON
SP.MERGED PATIENT ID=ST.MERGED PATIENT ID
INNER JOIN SACT LEGACY.REGIMEN@CASREF01 SR on
ST.MERGED TUMOUR ID=SR.MERGED TUMOUR ID
AND (NOT (BENCHMARK GROUP IN ('NOT CHEMO', 'HORMONES', 'ZOLEDRONIC
ACID', 'PAMIDRONATE', 'DENOSUMAB') OR BENCHMARK_GROUP IS NULL))
AND SR.START DATE OF REGIMEN-TC.DIAGNOSISDATEBEST BETWEEN -31 AND
tim.CHEMO TIME
) WHERE RK=1
));
------ CREATE RADIOTHERAPY FLAG TABLES ------
--21)----- ALL SITES - AT TREATMENT ENGLAND -----
-- Create a radiotherapy flag for the tumour if:
-- There is a record in AT TREATMENT ENGLAND which states that the tumour was treated with
radiotherapy
--(event is either 'RT - Teletherapy' (code = 05) or 'chemoradiotherapy' (code = 04) or 'radiosurgery'
(code = 22) or 'RT - Other/ NK' (code = RTX))
-- And the event date (EVENTDATE) occurred in the relevant timeframe (see SOP)
create table
TR_AV_RT
AS(
SELECT distinct
TUMOURID.
CASE WHEN DATEDIFF IS NULL THEN 0 ELSE 1 END AS AVRT_FLAG
, EVENTDATE as avrt_date
FROM (
SELECT TUMOURID, DATEDIFF, RK, EVENTDATE FROM (
SELECT TC.TUMOURID.
AVTREAT.EVENTDATE-TC.DIAGNOSISDATEBEST AS DATEDIFF,
RANK() OVER (PARTITION BY TC.TUMOURID ORDER BY AVTREAT.EVENTDATE,
AVTREAT.EVENTID) AS RK
, AVTREAT.EVENTDATE
FROM TR TUMOUR COHORT TC
INNER JOIN ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TIMEFRAME LOOKUP 13 16 tim ON
tim.TUMOURICDSITE3CODE = TC.TUMOUR_CODE
INNER JOIN AV2017.AT_TREATMENT_ENGLAND@CASREF01 AVTREAT ON
AVTREAT.TUMOURID=TC.TUMOURID
AND EVENTCODE IN ('04','05','22','RTX') and (AVTREAT.EVENTDATE-TC.DIAGNOSISDATEBEST
BETWEEN -31 AND tim.RADIO TIME)
WHERE RK=1
));
--22)-----ALL SITES - RTDS PRE APRIL 2016 (COLLECTED BY NATCANSAT)-------
-- Create a radiotherapy flag for the tumour if:
-- There is a record in RTDS (excluding those classed as Brachytherapy, i.e., with
```

- -- And the appointment date (APPTDATE) occurred in the relevant timeframe
- -- and the patient only had one tumour in the time period of interest (this is also incorporated in the final table)

```
create table
TR RTDS
AS(
SELECT distinct
TUMOURID.
CASE WHEN DATEDIFF IS NULL THEN 0 ELSE 1 END AS RTDS FLAG
, APPTDATE as rtds_date
FROM (
SELECT TUMOURID, DATEDIFF, RK, APPTDATE FROM (
SELECT TC.TUMOURID, RL.APPTDATE-TC.DIAGNOSISDATEBEST AS DATEDIFF,
RANK() OVER (PARTITION BY TC.TUMOURID ORDER BY
RI.APPTDATE,RI.ATTENDID,RI.ORGCODEPROVIDER,PR.RADIOTHERAPYEPISODEID,PR.PRESCRI
PTIONID) AS RK
, RL.APPTDATE
FROM TR TUMOUR COHORT TC
INNER JOIN ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TIMEFRAME LOOKUP 13 16 tim ON
tim.TUMOURICDSITE3CODE = TC.TUMOUR CODE
INNER JOIN RTDS2016.OPCDS_CAS1712_LINKAGE RL ON TC.PATIENTID=RL.PATIENTID AND
RL.APPTDATE-TC.DIAGNOSISDATEBEST BETWEEN -31 AND tim.RADIO TIME
INNER JOIN RTDS2016.RTDS PRESCRIPTIONS PR ON PR.ORGCODEPROVIDER =
RL.ORGCODEPROVIDER AND PR.ATTENDID = RL.ATTENDID
AND PR.APPTDATE = RL.APPTDATE AND PR.RTTREATMENTMODALITY NOT IN ('06')
WHERE RK=1
);
--23)----- ALL SITES - RTDS POST APRIL 2016 (COLLECTED BY NCRAS; PROCESSED BY
ENCORE) -----
```

- -- Create a radiotherapy flag for the tumour if:
- -- There is a record in RTDS (excluding those classed as Brachytherapy, i.e., with RTTREATMENTMODALITY='06')
- -- And the appointment date (APPTDATE) occurred in the relevant timeframe
- -- and the patient only had one tumour in the time period of interest (this is also incorporated in the final table)
- -- Do not flag the patient as receiving radiotherapy if the appointment date was before 1st April 2016
- -- Note that snapshot CAS1803 has now been dropped and a later snapshot needs to be used. This may result in small differences when replicating results.

```
create table
TR_RTDS_2 as (
SELECT distinct
TUMOURID,
CASE WHEN DATEDIFF IS NULL THEN 0 ELSE 1 END AS RTDS2_FLAG
, TO_DATE(APPTDATE) as rtds2_date
FROM (
SELECT TUMOURID, DATEDIFF,RK, APPTDATE FROM (
SELECT TC.TUMOURID, TO_DATE(PR.APPTDATE)-TC.DIAGNOSISDATEBEST AS DATEDIFF
, TO_DATE(pr.APPTDATE) as APPTDATE,
RANK() OVER (PARTITION BY TC.TUMOURID ORDER BY
TO_DATE(PR.APPTDATE),PR.ATTENDID,PR.ORGCODEPROVIDER,PR.RADIOTHERAPYEPISODEI
D,PR.PRESCRIPTIONID) AS RK
FROM TR_TUMOUR_COHORT TC
```

```
INNER JOIN ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TIMEFRAME LOOKUP 13 16 tim ON
tim.TUMOURICDSITE3CODE = TC.TUMOUR_CODE
INNER JOIN RTDS.AT PRESCRIPTIONS@CAS1902 PR ON PR.PATIENTID=TC.PATIENTID AND
PR.RTTREATMENTMODALITY NOT IN ('06')
AND PR.ORGCODEPROVIDER <>'7A3'
AND TO_DATE(PR.APPTDATE)-TC.DIAGNOSISDATEBEST BETWEEN -31 AND tim.RADIO_TIME and
TO DATE(PR.APPTDATE) BETWEEN TO DATE('01-APR-16', 'dd-mm-yy') AND TO DATE('31-DEC-20
23:59:00', 'DD/MM/YY HH24:MI:SS')
WHERE RK=1
);
 ------ Index the tables from above-----
```

CREATE UNIQUE INDEX ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR AVCT TUMOURID UQ ON ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_AV_CT (TUMOURID) NOLOGGING TABLESPACE ANALYSISDATA_IX; CREATE UNIQUE INDEX ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_AVRT_TUMOURID_UQ ON ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_AV_RT (TUMOURID) NOLOGGING TABLESPACE ANALYSISDATA_IX; CREATE UNIQUE INDEX ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR AVSG TUMOURID UQ ON ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR AV SG (TUMOURID) NOLOGGING TABLESPACE ANALYSISDATA IX; CREATE UNIQUE INDEX ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_AV_BLADDER1_TUMOURID_UQ ON ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR AV BLADDER (TUMOURID) NOLOGGING TABLESPACE ANALYSISDATA IX;

CREATE UNIQUE INDEX ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR AV COLOAPPEN TUMID UQ ON ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR AV COLOAPPEN (TUMOURID) NOLOGGING TABLESPACE ANALYSISDATA IX;

CREATE UNIQUE INDEX ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_AV_COLOREC TUMOURID UQ ON ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_AV_COLOREC (TUMOURID) NOLOGGING TABLESPACE ANALYSISDATA IX;

CREATE UNIQUE INDEX ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_AV_CONEBIOPS_TUMID_UQ ON ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_AV_CONEBIOPS (TUMOURID) NOLOGGING TABLESPACE ANALYSISDATA IX;

CREATE UNIQUE INDEX ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR AV LIVER TUMOURID UQ ON ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR AV LIVER (TUMOURID) NOLOGGING TABLESPACE ANALYSISDATA IX;

CREATE UNIQUE INDEX ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR AV LYMPH TUMOURID UQ ON ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR AV LYMPH (TUMOURID) NOLOGGING TABLESPACE ANALYSISDATA_IX;

CREATE UNIQUE INDEX ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR AV OESOPH TUMOURID UQ ON ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR AV OESOPH (TUMOURID) NOLOGGING TABLESPACE ANALYSISDATA IX;

CREATE UNIQUE INDEX ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_AV_STOMACH_TUMOURID_UQ ON ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR AV STOMACH (TUMOURID) NOLOGGING TABLESPACE ANALYSISDATA IX;

EXECUTE DBMS STATS.GATHER TABLE STATS('ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE', 'TR AV CT') EXECUTE DBMS_STATS.GATHER_INDEX_STATS('ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE', 'TR AVCT TUMOURID UQ') EXECUTE DBMS_STATS.GATHER_TABLE_STATS('ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE', 'TR_AV_RT') EXECUTE DBMS_STATS.GATHER_INDEX_STATS('ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE', 'TR AVRT TUMOURID UQ') EXECUTE DBMS STATS.GATHER TABLE STATS('ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE', 'TR AV SG') EXECUTE DBMS STATS.GATHER INDEX STATS('ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE',

'TR AVSG TUMOURID UQ')

EXECUTE DBMS STATS.GATHER TABLE STATS('ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE'. 'TR AV BLADDER')

```
{\tt EXECUTE\ DBMS\_STATS.GATHER\_INDEX\_STATS('ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE',}
```

'TR_AV_BLADDER1_TUMOURID_UQ')

EXECUTE DBMS_STATS.GATHER_TABLE_STATS('ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE', 'TR AV COLOAPPEN')

EXECUTE DBMS_STATS.GATHER_INDEX_STATS('ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE', 'TR_AV_COLOAPPEN_TUMID_UQ')

EXECUTE DBMS_STATS.GATHER_TABLE_STATS('ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE', 'TR_AV_COLOREC')

EXECUTE DBMS_STATS.GATHER_INDEX_STATS('ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE',

'TR AV COLOREC TUMOURID UQ')

EXECUTE DBMS_STATS.GATHER_TABLE_STATS('ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE', 'TR_AV_CONEBIOPS')

EXECUTE DBMS_STATS.GATHER_INDEX_STATS('ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE',

'TR AV CONEBIOPS TUMID UQ')

EXECUTE DBMS_STATS.GATHER_TABLE_STATS('ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE', 'TR_AV_LIVER')

EXECUTE DBMS_STATS.GATHER_INDEX_STATS('ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE',

'TR AV LIVER TUMOURID UQ')

EXECUTE DBMS_STATS.GATHER_TABLE_STATS('ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE', 'TR_AV_LYMPH')

EXECUTE DBMS_STATS.GATHER_INDEX_STATS('ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE',

'TR_AV_LYMPH_TUMOURID_UQ')

EXECUTE DBMS_STATS.GATHER_TABLE_STATS('ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE', 'TR_AV_OESOPH')

EXECUTE DBMS_STATS.GATHER_INDEX_STATS('ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE',

'TR_AV_OESOPH_TUMOURID_UQ')

EXECUTE DBMS_STATS.GATHER_TABLE_STATS('ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE', 'TR_AV_STOMACH')

EXECUTE DBMS_STATS.GATHER_INDEX_STATS('ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE',

'TR AV STOMACH TUMOURID UQ')

CREATE UNIQUE INDEX ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_HES_SG_TUMOURID_UQ ON ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_HES_SG (TUMOURID) NOLOGGING TABLESPACE ANALYSISDATA IX:

CREATE UNIQUE INDEX ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_HES_BLADDER1_TUMID_UQ ON ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_HES_BLADDER (TUMOURID) NOLOGGING TABLESPACE ANALYSISDATA IX:

CREATE UNIQUE INDEX ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_HES_COLOAPPEN_TUMID_UQ ON ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_HES_COLOAPPEN (TUMOURID) NOLOGGING TABLESPACE ANALYSISDATA_IX;

CREATE UNIQUE INDEX ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_HES_COLOREC_TUMOURID_UQ ON ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_HES_COLOREC (TUMOURID) NOLOGGING TABLESPACE ANALYSISDATA_IX;

CREATE UNIQUE INDEX ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_HES_CONEBIOPS_TUMID_UQ ON ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_HES_CONEBIOPS (TUMOURID) NOLOGGING TABLESPACE ANALYSISDATA IX:

CREATE UNIQUE INDEX ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_HES_LIVER_TUMOURID_UQ ON ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_HES_LIVER (TUMOURID) NOLOGGING TABLESPACE ANALYSISDATA_IX;

CREATE UNIQUE INDEX ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_HES_LYMPH_TUMOURID_UQ ON ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_HES_LYMPH (TUMOURID) NOLOGGING TABLESPACE ANALYSISDATA IX:

CREATE UNIQUE INDEX ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_HES_OESOPH_TUMOURID_UQ ON ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_HES_OESOPH (TUMOURID) NOLOGGING TABLESPACE ANALYSISDATA_IX;

CREATE UNIQUE INDEX ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_HES_STOMACH_TUMOURID_UQ ON ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_HES_STOMACH (TUMOURID) NOLOGGING TABLESPACE ANALYSISDATA IX;

CREATE UNIQUE INDEX ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_RTDS_TUMOURID_UQ ON ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_RTDS (TUMOURID) NOLOGGING TABLESPACE ANALYSISDATA_IX; CREATE UNIQUE INDEX ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_RTDS_2_TUMOURID_UQ ON ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_RTDS_2 (TUMOURID) NOLOGGING TABLESPACE ANALYSISDATA IX;

CREATE UNIQUE INDEX ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_SACT_TUMOURID_UQ ON ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_SACT (TUMOURID) NOLOGGING TABLESPACE ANALYSISDATA_IX;

ELSE 0

END AS RT FLAG

```
EXECUTE DBMS_STATS.GATHER_TABLE_STATS('ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE', 'TR_HES_SG')
EXECUTE DBMS STATS.GATHER INDEX STATS('ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE',
'TR HES SG TUMOURID UQ')
EXECUTE DBMS_STATS.GATHER_TABLE_STATS('ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE', 'TR_HES_BLADDER')
EXECUTE DBMS_STATS.GATHER_INDEX_STATS('ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE',
'TR HES BLADDER1 TUMID UQ')
EXECUTE DBMS STATS.GATHER TABLE STATS('ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE',
'TR HES COLOAPPEN')
EXECUTE DBMS STATS.GATHER INDEX STATS('ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE',
'TR HES COLOAPPEN TUMID UQ')
EXECUTE DBMS_STATS.GATHER_TABLE_STATS('ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE', 'TR_HES_COLOREC')
EXECUTE DBMS_STATS.GATHER_INDEX_STATS('ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE',
'TR_HES_COLOREC_TUMOURID_UQ')
EXECUTE DBMS_STATS.GATHER_TABLE_STATS('ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE',
'TR_HES_CONEBIOPS')
EXECUTE DBMS_STATS.GATHER_INDEX_STATS('ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE',
'TR HES CONEBIOPS TUMID UQ')
EXECUTE DBMS_STATS.GATHER_TABLE_STATS('ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE', 'TR_HES_LIVER')
EXECUTE DBMS_STATS.GATHER_INDEX_STATS('ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE',
'TR HES LIVER TUMOURID UQ')
EXECUTE DBMS_STATS.GATHER_TABLE_STATS('ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE', 'TR_HES_LYMPH')
EXECUTE DBMS_STATS.GATHER_INDEX_STATS('ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE',
'TR HES LYMPH TUMOURID UQ')
EXECUTE DBMS_STATS.GATHER_TABLE_STATS('ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE', 'TR_HES_OESOPH')
EXECUTE DBMS_STATS.GATHER_INDEX_STATS('ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE',
'TR HES OESOPH TUMOURID UQ')
EXECUTE DBMS STATS.GATHER TABLE STATS('ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE', 'TR HES STOMACH')
EXECUTE DBMS STATS.GATHER INDEX STATS('ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE',
'TR HES STOMACH_TUMOURID_UQ')
EXECUTE DBMS_STATS.GATHER_TABLE_STATS('ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE', 'TR_RTDS')
EXECUTE DBMS_STATS.GATHER_INDEX_STATS('ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE',
'TR RTDS TUMOURID UQ')
EXECUTE DBMS_STATS.GATHER_TABLE_STATS('ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE', 'TR_RTDS_2')
EXECUTE DBMS_STATS.GATHER_INDEX_STATS('ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE',
'TR RTDS 2 TUMOURID UQ')
EXECUTE DBMS STATS.GATHER TABLE STATS('ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE', 'TR SACT')
EXECUTE DBMS STATS.GATHER INDEX STATS('ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE',
'TR SACT TUMOURID UQ')
----- Create final table drawing on all previous tables-----
CREATE TABLE TREATMENT_TABLE_1316_4P5 nologging compress
AS
SELECT
--Create radiotherapy (RT) flag for the tumour
--Only use the patient level datasets (RTDS, RTDS2) if the patient had no other tumours recorded in the
18 months before or after this tumour diagnosis
CASE
WHEN AVRT_FLAG=1 THEN 1
WHEN RTDS FLAG=1 AND TC.TUMOUR FLAG=0 THEN 1
WHEN RTDS2 FLAG=1 AND TC.TUMOUR FLAG=0 THEN 1
```

- --Create chemo (CT) flag for the tumour
- --Only use the patient level datasets (SACT) if the patient had no other tumours recorded in the 18 months before or after this tumour diagnosis

.CASE

WHEN AVCT_FLAG=1 THEN 1
WHEN SACT_FLAG=1 AND TC.TUMOUR_FLAG=0 THEN 1
ELSE 0
END AS CT_FLAG

.....

- -- Create resection flag for the tumour
- --Only use the patient level datasets (HES) if the patient had no other tumours recorded in the 18 months before or after this tumour diagnosis

CASE

-- Firstly, incorporate non-stage specific resection flag using OPCS4 resection lookup table

WHEN AVSG_FLAG=1 THEN 1 WHEN HESSG_FLAG=1 AND TC.TUMOUR_FLAG=0 THEN 1

- -- Secondly, incorporate stage specific rules for particular cancer sites
- --Cervical

WHEN AVT.SITE_ICD10_O2_3CHAR='C53' and (upper(SUBSTR(tc.figo,1,2))) in ('1A','IA') and CONEBIOPS AVTREAT=1 then 1

WHEN AVT.SITE_ICD10_O2_3CHAR='C53' and (upper(SUBSTR(tc.figo,1,2))) in ('1A','IA') and CONEBIOPS HES=1 and TC.TUMOUR FLAG=0 then 1

WHEN AVT.SITE_ICD10_O2_3CHAR='C53' and (upper(tc.figo) in ('1B','IB') or

upper(SUBSTR(tc.figo,1,3)) in ('1B1','IB1')) and (CONEBIOPS_AVTREAT=1) and (LYMPH_AVTREAT=1) THEN 1

WHEN AVT.SITE_ICD10_O2_3CHAR='C53' and (upper(tc.figo) in ('1B','IB') or

upper(SUBSTR(tc.figo,1,3)) in ('1B1','IB1')) and (CONEBIOPS_AVTREAT=1) and (LYMPH_HES=1 and TC.TUMOUR FLAG=0) THEN 1

WHEN AVT.SITE_ICD10_O2_3CHAR='C53' and (upper(tc.figo) in ('1B','IB') or

upper(SUBSTR(tc.figo,1,3)) in ('1B1','IB1')) and (CONEBIOPS_HES=1 and TC.TUMOUR_FLAG=0) and (LYMPH_AVTREAT=1) THEN 1

WHEN AVT.SITE ICD10 O2 3CHAR='C53' and (upper(tc.figo) in ('1B','IB') or

upper(SUBSTR(tc.figo,1,3)) in ('1B1','IB1')) and (CONEBIOPS_HES=1 and TC.TUMOUR_FLAG=0) and (LYMPH_HES=1 and TC.TUMOUR_FLAG=0) THEN 1

--Colorectal:

WHEN AVT.SITE_ICD10_O2_3CHAR in ('C18','C19','C20') and

SUBSTR(TSX.STAGE_BEST_1901,1,1)='1' and COLOREC_AVTREAT=1 then 1

WHEN AVT.SITE_ICD10_O2_3CHAR in ('C18','C19','C20') and

SUBSTR(TSX.STAGE_BEST_1901,1,1)='1' and COLOREC_HES=1 and TC.TUMOUR_FLAG=0 then 1 --Sub rule for appendectomies for colorectal:

WHEN AVT.SITE ICD10 O2 in ('C181') and COLOREC AVTREAT appen=1 then 1

WHEN AVT.SITE_ICD10_O2 in ('C181') and COLOREC_HES_appen=1 AND TC.TUMOUR_FLAG=0 then 1

--Bladder

WHEN AVT.SITE_ICD10_O2_3CHAR in ('C67') and SUBSTR(AVT.T_BEST, 1,1) = '1' and BLADDER1 AVTREAT=1 then 1

WHEN AVT.SITE_ICD10_O2_3CHAR in ('C67') and SUBSTR(AVT.T_BEST, 1,1) = '1' and BLADDER1_HES=1 AND TC.TUMOUR_FLAG=0 then 1

-- Liver

WHEN AVT.SITE ICD10 O2 3CHAR in ('C22') and SUBSTR(TSX.STAGE BEST 1901.1.1)='1' and LIVER_AVTREAT=1 then 1

WHEN AVT.SITE ICD10 O2 3CHAR in ('C22') and SUBSTR(TSX.STAGE BEST 1901,1,1)='1' and LIVER HES=1 AND TC.TUMOUR FLAG=0 then 1

-- Oesophagus

WHEN AVT.SITE ICD10 O2 3CHAR in ('C15') and SUBSTR(TSX.STAGE BEST 1901, 1,2)='1A' and OESOPH AVTREAT=1 then 1

WHEN AVT.SITE ICD10 O2 3CHAR in ('C15') and SUBSTR(TSX.STAGE BEST 1901,1,2)='1A' and OESOPH HES=1 AND TC.TUMOUR FLAG=0 then 1

-- Stomach

WHEN AVT.SITE_ICD10_O2_3CHAR in ('C16') and SUBSTR(TSX.STAGE_BEST_1901,1,2)='1A' and STOMACH_AVTREAT=1 then 1

WHEN AVT.SITE_ICD10_O2_3CHAR in ('C16') and SUBSTR(TSX.STAGE_BEST_1901,1,2)='1A' and STOMACH_HES=1 AND TC.TUMOUR_FLAG=0 then 1 ELSE 0

END AS SG FLAG

--STAGE VARIABLE CREATED FROM STAGE BEST 1901 TO MATCH WITH PUBLISHED **STATISTICS**

- -- Stage breakdowns use TNM staging, except gynaecological cancers which use Figo staging.
- -- For cervical cancers, only FIGO staging has been used. For ovarian, uterine and vulval cancers, TNM stage has been used where Figo stage was unknown.
- -- FIGO substages were collated into Figo stages 1, 2, 3, 4, and unknown.

, STAGE 1901.STAGE AS STAGE GROUP FINAL

--INCLUSION OF ADDITIONAL GDO SITES

,case

when tumour_code in ('C48OVARY', 'D39OVARY') and (SUBSTR(tc.figo,1,1)='4' or SUBSTR (tc.figo,1,2)='IV') then '4'

when tumour code in ('C48OVARY', 'D39OVARY') and (SUBSTR(tc.figo,1.1)='3' or SUBSTR(tc.figo,1,3)='III') then '3'

when tumour code in ('C48OVARY', 'D39OVARY') and (SUBSTR(tc.figo.1.1)='2' or SUBSTR(tc.figo,1,2)='II') then '2'

when tumour code in ('C48OVARY', 'D39OVARY') and (SUBSTR(tc.figo,1,1)='1' or SUBSTR(tc.figo,1,1)='I') then '1'

when tumour code not in ('C53') and SUBSTR(STAGE 1901.STAGE,1,1)='1' then '1'

when tumour_code not in ('C53') and SUBSTR(STAGE_1901.STAGE,1,1)='2' then '2'

when tumour_code not in ('C53') and SUBSTR(STAGE_1901.STAGE,1,1)='3' then '3'

when tumour_code not in ('C53') and SUBSTR(STAGE_1901.STAGE,1,1)='4' then '4'

when tumour code not in ('C53') and STAGE 1901.STAGE IS NOT NULL THEN 'UNK/OTH' else " end as stage group GDO

-- Create cancer site names

,case when tumour_code in ('C67') then 'BLADDER'

when tumour_code in ('C50') then 'BREAST'

when tumour_code in ('C53') then 'CERVICAL'

when tumour code in ('C18','C19') then 'COLON'

when tumour code in ('C20') then 'RECTUM'

when tumour_code in ('C01', 'C09', 'C10') then 'OROPHARYNX' when tumour_code in ('C02', 'C03', 'C04', 'C06') then 'ORAL_CAVITY' when tumour_code in ('C07', 'C08') then 'SALIVARY_GLANDS'

```
CAS-SOP #4: Linking treatment tables
when tumour code in ('C12', 'C13') then 'HYPOPHARYNX'
when tumour_code in ('C32') then 'LARYNX'
when tumour_code in ('C05', 'C11', 'C14', 'C30', 'C31') then 'OTHER_HEAD_AND_NECK' when tumour_code in ('C64', 'C65', 'C66', 'C68') then 'KIDNEY'
when tumour_code in ('C22') then 'LIVER'
when tumour_code in ('C33', 'C34') and tc.morph_icd10_o2 in ('8041', '8042', '8043', '8044', '8045') then
'SCLC'
when tumour code in ('C33', 'C34') and tc.morph icd10 o2 not in ('8041', '8042', '8043', '8044', '8045') then
'NSCLC'
when tumour code in ('C25') then 'PANCREAS'
when tumour code in ('C61') then 'PROSTATE'
when tumour code in ('C15') then 'OESOPHAGUS'
when tumour_code in ('C56', 'C57', 'C48OVARY', 'D39OVARY') then 'OVARY'
when tumour_code in ('C16') then 'STOMACH'
when tumour_code in ('C54', 'C55') then 'UTERINE'
when tumour_code in ('C51') then 'VULVA'
when tumour_code in ('C70', 'C71', 'C72', 'C75BRAIN') then 'BRAIN'
when tumour code in ('C62', 'D29TESTES') then 'TESTIS'
else 'OTHER'
END as cancergroup
.case
when NCR.CALNCV18NM = 'National Cancer Vanquard: Greater Manchester' then 'Greater Manchester'
when NCR.CALNCV18NM = 'National Cancer Vanguard: North Central and North East London' then
'North Central and North East London'
when NCR.CALNCV18NM = 'National Cancer Vanguard: North West and South West London' then
'North West and South West London'
when NCR.CALNCV18NM = 'West Yorkshire' then 'West Yorkshire and Harrogate'
else NCR.CALNCV18NM
END AS CALNCV18NM
-- Select all other variables
,AVT.TUMOURID
,AVT.DIAGNOSISYEAR
,avt.age
,avt.dco
.avt.basisofdiagnosis
,avt.CCG_CODE
,avt.GOR_CODE
,avt.FIVEYEARAGEBAND
,avt.SEX
,avt.ethnicity
,CHRL.CHRL TOT 27 03
,IMD.QUINTILE_2015
,NCR.CALNCV18CD
--For checking
,avt.morph icd10 o2
,TC.FIGO
,avt.t best
TSX.STAGE_BEST_1901
```

,TC.SITE_ICD10_O2 ,SITE_ICD10_O2_3CHAR

,tc.tumour_flag

⁻⁻Select dates of treatment from AT TREATMENT ENGLAND

,avt.diagnosisdatebest ,avt.deathdatebest ,AVCT.avct_date ,AVRT.avrt_date ,AVSG.avsg_date

--Select dates of treatment from patient-level datasets where only 1 tumour was diagnosed in 18 months before or after that tumour

,case when TC.TUMOUR_FLAG=0 THEN SACT.sact_date end as sact_date ,case when TC.TUMOUR_FLAG=0 THEN RTDS.rtds_date end as rtds_date ,case when TC.TUMOUR_FLAG=0 THEN HESSG.hessg_date end as hessg_date ,case when TC.TUMOUR_FLAG=0 THEN rtds2.rtds2_date end as rtds2_date

--Select date of surgery where there were additional site-specific resections were flagged:

-----CERVICAL-----

- -- Take date of cone biopsy in AVTREATMENT if:
- --The tumour received a cone biopsy and was FIGO stage 1a
- --Or the tumour received a cone biopsy and was FIGO stage 1b & 1b1 disease, if the tumour also received a lymphadenectomy

, case

WHEN AVT.SITE_ICD10_O2_3CHAR='C53' and (upper(SUBSTR(tc.figo,1,2)) in ('1A','IA')) and CONEBIOPS_AVTREAT=1 then CBAVT.avsg_date WHEN AVT.SITE_ICD10_O2_3CHAR='C53' and (upper(tc.figo) in ('1B','IB') or upper(SUBSTR(tc.figo,1,3)) in ('1B1','IB1')) and (CONEBIOPS_AVTREAT=1) and (LYMPH_AVTREAT=1) THEN CBAVT.avsg_date WHEN AVT.SITE_ICD10_O2_3CHAR='C53' and (upper(tc.figo) in ('1B','IB') or upper(SUBSTR(tc.figo,1,3)) in ('1B1','IB1')) and (CONEBIOPS_AVTREAT=1) and (LYMPH_HES=1 and TC.TUMOUR_FLAG=0) THEN CBAVT.avsg_date end as CBavsg_date

- -- Take date of cone biopsy in HES if:
- --The tumour received a cone biopsy and was FIGO stage 1a
- --Or the tumour received a cone biopsy and was FIGO stage 1b & 1b1 disease, if the tumour also received a lymphadenectomy
- -- And only 1 tumour was diagnosed in 18 months before or after that tumour

, case

WHEN AVT.SITE_ICD10_O2_3CHAR='C53' and (upper(SUBSTR(tc.figo,1,2)) in ('1A','IA')) and CONEBIOPS_HES=1 and TC.TUMOUR_FLAG=0 then CBHES.hessg_date WHEN AVT.SITE_ICD10_O2_3CHAR='C53' and (upper(tc.figo) in ('1B','IB') or upper(SUBSTR(tc.figo,1,3)) in ('1B1','IB1')) and (CONEBIOPS_HES=1 and TC.TUMOUR_FLAG=0) and (LYMPH_AVTREAT=1) THEN CBHES.hessg_date WHEN AVT.SITE_ICD10_O2_3CHAR='C53' and (upper(tc.figo) in ('1B','IB') or upper(SUBSTR(tc.figo,1,3)) in ('1B1','IB1')) and (CONEBIOPS_HES=1 and TC.TUMOUR_FLAG=0) and (LYMPH_HES=1 and TC.TUMOUR_FLAG=0) THEN CBHES.hessg_date end as CBhessg_date

------COLORECTAL-----

-- As with cervical, select the date of the stage-specific resection for each tumour, according to the rules specified earlier for generating the stage-specific resection flag for that tumour site ,case when AVT.SITE_ICD10_O2_3CHAR in ('C18','C19','C20') and SUBSTR(TSX.STAGE_BEST_1901,1,1)='1' and COLOREC_AVTREAT=1 then COLOAVT.avsg_date end as COLOavsg_date

,case when AVT.SITE ICD10 O2 3CHAR in ('C18', 'C19', 'C20') and SUBSTR(TSX.STAGE_BEST_1901,1,1)='1' and COLOREC_HES=1 and TC.TUMOUR_FLAG=0 THEN COLOHES.hessg date end as COLOhessg date ,case when AVT.SITE_ICD10_O2 in ('C181') and COLOREC_AVTREAT_appen=1 then COLOAVT_appen.avsg_date end as appenavsg date , case when AVT.SITE_ICD10_O2 in ('C181') and COLOREC_HES appen=1 AND TC.TUMOUR FLAG=0 then COLOHES appen.hessg date end as appenhessg date -----BLADDER-----,case WHEN AVT.SITE_ICD10_O2_3CHAR in ('C67') and SUBSTR(AVT.T_BEST, 1,1) = '1' and BLADDER1_AVTREAT=1 then BLAD1_AVT.avsg_date end as BLADavsg_date , case WHEN AVT.SITE_ICD10_O2_3CHAR in ('C67') and SUBSTR(AVT.T_BEST, 1,1) = '1' and BLADDER1 HES=1 AND TC.TUMOUR FLAG=0 then BLAD1 HES.hessg date end as BLADhessa date -----LIVER-----,case WHEN AVT.SITE_ICD10_O2_3CHAR in ('C22') and SUBSTR(TSX.STAGE_BEST_1901,1,1)='1' and LIVER AVTREAT=1 then LIVAVT.avsg date end as LIVavsg date , case WHEN AVT.SITE_ICD10_O2_3CHAR in ('C22') and SUBSTR(TSX.STAGE_BEST_1901,1,1)='1' and LIVER HES=1 AND TC.TUMOUR FLAG=0 then LIVHES.hessg date end as LIVhessq date -----OESOPHAGEAL----case WHEN AVT.SITE_ICD10_O2_3CHAR in ('C15') and SUBSTR(TSX.STAGE_BEST_1901,1,2)='1A', and OESOPH_AVTREAT=1 then OESOAVT.avsg_date end as OESOavsg_date , case WHEN AVT.SITE_ICD10_O2_3CHAR in ('C15') and SUBSTR(TSX.STAGE_BEST_1901,1,2)='1A' and OESOPH HES=1 AND TC.TUMOUR FLAG=0 then OESOHES.hessg date end as OESOhessq date -----STOMACH-----, case WHEN AVT.SITE_ICD10_O2_3CHAR in ('C16') and SUBSTR(TSX.STAGE_BEST_1901,1,2)='1A' and STOMACH AVTREAT=1 then STOMAVT.avsg date end as STOMavsg_date , case WHEN AVT.SITE ICD10 O2 3CHAR in ('C16') and SUBSTR(TSX.STAGE BEST 1901,1,2)='1A' and STOMACH HES=1 AND TC.TUMOUR FLAG=0 then STOMHES.hessg date end as STOMhessg_date

- -- final join of tables with flags
- -- Treatment flag tables
- -- Do not flag surgery for non-ovarian C48 tumour morphologies (these are classified as "other" tumours)

FROM AV2017.AT_TUMOUR_ENGLAND@CASREF01 AVT
INNER JOIN TR_TUMOUR_COHORT TC ON AVT. TUMOURID =TC. TUMOURID
LEFT JOIN AV2017.AT_TUMOUR_EXPERIMENTAL_ENGLAND@CASREF01 TSX on
AVT.tumourid=tsx.tumourid
LEFT JOIN ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_AV_CT AVCT ON AVT.TUMOURID=AVCT.TUMOURID
LEFT JOIN ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_SACT SACT ON AVT.TUMOURID=AVCT.TUMOURID
LEFT JOIN ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR AV RT AVRT ON AVT.TUMOURID=AVRT.TUMOURID

LEFT JOIN ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_AV_SG AVSG ON AVT.TUMOURID=AVSG.TUMOURID and (tc.tumour_code not in ('C48OTHER'))

LEFT JOIN ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_RTDS RTDS ON AVT.TUMOURID=RTDS.TUMOURID LEFT JOIN ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_HES_SG HESSG ON AVT.TUMOURID=HESSG.TUMOURID and (tc.tumour code not in ('C48OTHER'))

LEFT JOIN ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_RTDS_2 RTDS2 ON AVT.TUMOURID=RTDS2.TUMOURID

- -- Add further joins for stage-specific resections:
- -- add gynae tables:

LEFT JOIN ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_AV_CONEBIOPS CBAVT ON AVT.TUMOURID=CBAVT.TUMOURID LEFT JOIN ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_HES_CONEBIOPS CBHES ON AVT.TUMOURID=CBHES.TUMOURID LEFT JOIN ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_AV_LYMPH LYAVT ON AVT.TUMOURID=LYAVT.TUMOURID LEFT JOIN ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_HES_LYMPH LYHES ON AVT.TUMOURID=LYHES.TUMOURID

-- add colorectal tables:

LEFT JOIN ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_AV_COLOREC COLOAVT ON AVT.TUMOURID=COLOAVT.TUMOURID
LEFT JOIN ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_HES_COLOREC COLOHES ON AVT.TUMOURID=COLOHES.TUMOURID
LEFT JOIN ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_AV_COLOAPPEN COLOAVT_appen ON AVT.TUMOURID=COLOAVT_appen.TUMOURID
LEFT JOIN ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_HES_COLOAPPEN COLOHES_appen ON AVT.TUMOURID=COLOHES_appen.TUMOURID

-- add urological tables:

LEFT JOIN ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_AV_BLADDER BLAD1_AVT ON AVT.TUMOURID=BLAD1_AVT.TUMOURID LEFT JOIN ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_HES_BLADDER BLAD1_HES ON AVT.TUMOURID=BLAD1_HES.TUMOURID

-- add UGI tables:

LEFT JOIN ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_AV_LIVER LIVAVT ON AVT.TUMOURID=LIVAVT.TUMOURID LEFT JOIN ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_HES_LIVER LIVHES ON AVT.TUMOURID=LIVHES.TUMOURID LEFT JOIN ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_AV_OESOPH OESOAVT ON AVT.TUMOURID=OESOAVT.TUMOURID LEFT JOIN ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_HES_OESOPH OESOHES ON AVT.TUMOURID=OESOHES.TUMOURID LEFT JOIN ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_AV_STOMACH STOMAVT ON AVT.TUMOURID=STOMAVT.TUMOURID LEFT JOIN ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.TR_HES_STOMACH STOMHES ON AVT.TUMOURID=STOMHES.TUMOURID

-- Additional demographics

LEFT JOIN IMD.ID2015@CASREF01 IMD ON IMD.LSOA11_CODE=AVT.LSOA11_CODE LEFT JOIN AV2017.CHARLSON_2006TO2017@casref01 CHRL ON CHRL.TUMOURID=AVT.TUMOURID LEFT JOIN ANALYSISSOPHIEJOSE.LUP_HEALTHG_18 NCR ON NCR.LSOA11CD=AVT.LSOA11_CODE

LEFT JOIN (select AVTU.tumourid , CASE when TSX.STAGE_BEST_1901 is null then 'X'

```
when (substr(TSX.STAGE_BEST_1901,1,1) not in ('1','2','3','4')) then 'X' else substr(TSX.STAGE_BEST_1901,1,1) end AS STAGE from AV2017.AT_TUMOUR_ENGLAND@CASREF01 AVTU inner join AV2017.AT_TUMOUR_EXPERIMENTAL_ENGLAND@CASREF01 TSX on avtu.tumourid=tsx.tumourid

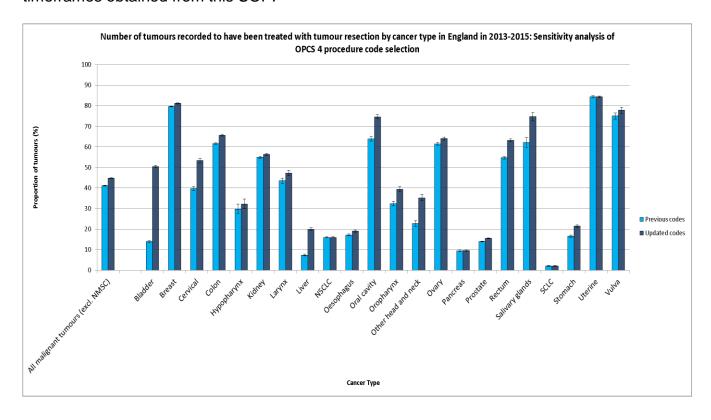
WHERE AVTU.diagnosisyear between 2012 and 2016
 and substr(AVTU.site_ICD10_O2,1,1)= 'C' and substr(AVTU.site_ICD10_O2,1,3)<> 'C44' and (not (AVTU.site_icd10_o2_3char='C50' and substr(TSX.STAGE_BEST_1901,1,1)='0') or TSX.STAGE_PI_1901 is null) -- Exclude Pagets but include nulls
) STAGE_1901
ON STAGE_1901.TUMOURID=AVT.TUMOURID
```

Appendix 5: Datasets used

Treatment type Dataset		Data table version	Follow up period	Linkage	Data quality notes
			available	type	
Chemotherapy	Registry data from	AV2017.AT_TREATMENT_	Historical -	Tumour	Corresponds with the end of year snapshot CAS1902.
	AT_TREATMENT_ENGLAND	ENGLAND@CASREF01	February 2019	level	
Chemotherapy	Systemic Anti-Cancer Therapy	SACT_LEGACY.PATIENT,	January 2013 -	Patient	Data was not submitted regularly from all NHS Trusts untilJuly
	(SACT) 2017	SACT_LEGACY.TUMOUR	February 2019	and	2014 onwards.
		and		tumour	Regimen start date used to identify date of chemotherapy may be
		SACT_LEGACY.REGIEM		level	inaccurate for some tumours diagnosed at the start of 2013.
		@CASREF01			
Tumour resection	Registry data from	AV2017.AT_TREATMENT_	Historical -	Tumour	Corresponds with the end of year snapshot CAS1902.
	AT_TREATMENT_ENGLAND	ENGLAND@CASREF01AT	February 2019	level	
		_TREATMENT_ENGLAND			
Tumour resection	Inpatient Hospital Episodes Statistics	HESLIVE.HESAPC and	April 2000 –	Patient	Where a time period of 18 months has been used, some tumours
	(HES) 2017	HESLIVE.HESAPC_OPERT	February 2019	level	diagnosed in 2016 will not yet have surgery data recorded in
		N @CASREF01			HES, so the percentage receiving a tumour resection may be an
					underestimate.
Radiotherapy	Registry data from	AV2017.AT_TREATMENT_	Historical -	Tumour	
	AT_TREATMENT_ENGLAND	ENGLAND@CASREF01AT	February 2019	level	
		_TREATMENT_ENGLAND			
Radiotherapy	Radiotherapy Dataset (RTDS)	RTDS2016.RTDS_PRESCR	April 2009 – April	Patient	Brachytherapy & teletherapy variable known to be inaccurate
	collected by NATCANSAT, pre April	IPTIONS@CASREF01	2016	level	(there is over allocation to brachytherapy & underreporting of
	2016				teletherapy).
					Data may be incomplete for selected NHS Trusts. There are
					known to be undercounts in RTDS in the period between mid
					2015 and March 2016.
Radiotherapy	Radiotherapy Dataset (RTDS)	RTDS.ROVPRESCRIPTION	April 2016 –	Patient	As above
	collected by PHE, post April 2016	S@CAS1902	February 2019	level	

Appendix 6: Sensitivity analysis – impact of tumour resection code update

The list of relevant tumour resection codes was updated for this current SOP and previous versions of CAS-SOP#4, from a previous list that did not include stage-specific resections (available here). Below is a comparison of the previous coding used and the current version, which includes stage-specific resections. The previous codelist was applied to the current sites (selected with the same ICD10 codes), and the same timeframes obtained from this SOP.



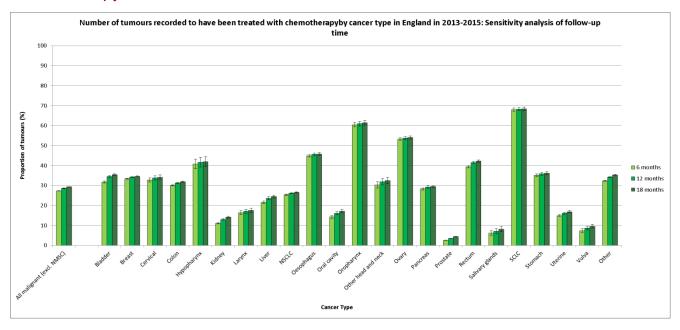
Findings

- For the 22 cancer sites with defined tumour resections codes, 41% of tumours had a tumour resection using the previous list of codes, and 45% had a tumour resection when using the updated list of codes, plus the site-specific additions (as listed in Appendix 3).
- Statistically significant differences between the proportions are present for all but three of the 22 sites (non-small lung cancer, small cell lung cancer and uterine cancers).
- The differences are most noticeable for bladder cancer (36% absolute difference), cervical (14% absolute difference), salivary glands (13% absolute difference), liver (13% absolute difference), and other head and neck (12% absolute difference).

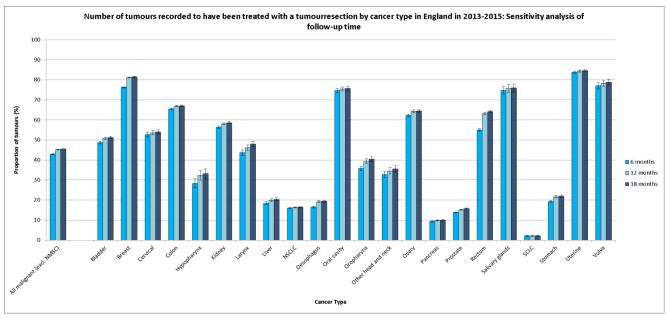
Appendix 7: Sensitivity analysis – impact of timeframe update

The timeframes as defined above may not capture all treatments for certain cancer sites (underestimate of true figure), or include treatments for recurrence (overestimate of true figure). Therefore, follow-up periods of 6/12/18 months were tested and the results are shown below.

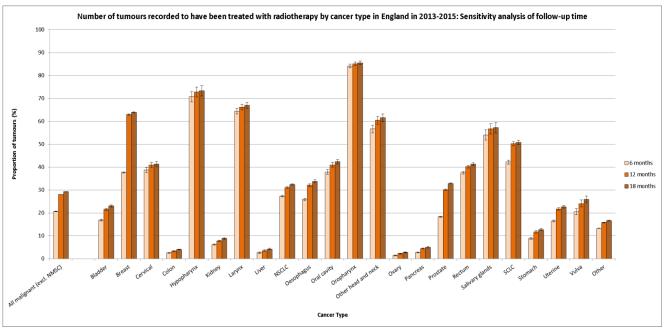
Chemotherapy



Tumour resections



Radiotherapy



Findings

- Overall across all sites (excluding NMSC), 27% of tumours received chemotherapy within six months of diagnosis, increasing to 29% within 12 and 18 months. Sites with the greatest absolute differences in proportions from six to 18 months are bladder, kidney, liver, oral cavity, rectum and other (3-4% absolute difference).
- Of the 22 cancer sites with defined tumour resections codes (excluding 'Other' sites), 43% of tumours received a tumour resection within six months of diagnosis, increasing to 45% within 12 and 18 months. Sites with the greatest absolute differences in proportions from six to 18 months are rectum, breast, hypopharynx and oropharynx (5-9% absolute difference).

• Overall across all sites (excluding NMSC), 20% of tumours received radiotherapy within six months of diagnosis, increasing to 28% within 12 months and 29% within 18 months. Sites with the greatest absolute differences in proportions from six to 18 months are breast, prostate, small cell lung cancer and oesophageal (8-26% absolute difference).